



Amazon-Web-Services

Exam Questions SCS-C02

AWS Certified Security - Specialty

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NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company has multiple IAM accounts that are part of IAM Organizations. The company's Security team wants to ensure that even those Administrators with full access to the company's IAM accounts are unable to access the company's Amazon S3 buckets. How should this be accomplished?

- A. Use SCPs
- B. Add a permissions boundary to deny access to Amazon S3 and attach it to all roles
- C. Use an S3 bucket policy
- D. Create a VPC endpoint for Amazon S3 and deny statements for access to Amazon S3

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer has created an Amazon Cognito user pool. The engineer needs to manually verify the ID and access token sent by the application for troubleshooting purposes. What is the MOST secure way to accomplish this?

- A. Extract the subject (sub), audience (aud), and cognito:username from the ID token payload. Manually check the subject and audience for the user name in the user pool.
- B. Search for the public key with a key ID that matches the key ID in the header of the token.
- C. Then use a JSON Web Token (JWT) library to validate the signature of the token and extract values, such as the expiry date.
- D. Verify that the token is not expired.
- E. Then use the token_use claim function in Amazon Cognito to validate the key IDs.
- F. Copy the JSON Web Token (JWT) as a JSON document. Obtain the public JSON Web Key (JWK) and convert it to a pem file.
- G. Then use the file to validate the original JWT.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 1)

A Developer is building a serverless application that uses Amazon API Gateway as the front end. The application will not be publicly accessible. Other legacy applications running on Amazon EC2 will make calls to the application. A Security Engineer has been asked to review the security controls for authentication and authorization of the application.

Which combination of actions would provide the MOST secure solution? (Select TWO)

- A. Configure an IAM policy that allows the least permissive actions to communicate with the API Gateway. Attach the policy to the role used by the legacy EC2 instances.
- B. Enable IAM WAF for API Gateway. Configure rules to explicitly allow connections from the legacy EC2 instances.
- C. Create a VPC endpoint for API Gateway. Attach an IAM resource policy that allows the role of the legacy EC2 instances to call specific APIs.
- D. Create a usage plan. Generate a set of API keys for each application that needs to call the API.
- E. Configure cross-origin resource sharing (CORS) in each API. Share the CORS information with the applications that call the API.

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company has a serverless application for internal users deployed on IAM. The application uses IAM Lambda for the front end and for business logic. The Lambda function accesses an Amazon RDS database inside a VPC. The company uses IAM Systems Manager Parameter Store for storing database credentials. A recent security review highlighted the following issues:

- > The Lambda function has internet access.
- > The relational database is publicly accessible.
- > The database credentials are not stored in an encrypted state.

Which combination of steps should the company take to resolve these security issues? (Select THREE)

- A. Disable public access to the RDS database inside the VPC.
- B. Move all the Lambda functions inside the VPC.
- C. Edit the IAM role used by Lambda to restrict internet access.
- D. Create a VPC endpoint for Systems Manager.
- E. Store the credentials as a string parameter.
- F. Change the parameter type to an advanced parameter.
- G. Edit the IAM role used by RDS to restrict internet access.
- H. Create a VPC endpoint for Systems Manager.
- I. Store the credentials as a SecureString parameter.

Answer: ABE

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 1)

A city is implementing an election results reporting website that will use Amazon CloudFront. The website runs on a fleet of Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB) in an Auto Scaling group. Election results are updated hourly and are stored as .pdf tiles in an Amazon S3 bucket. A Security Engineer needs to ensure that all external access to the website goes through CloudFront.

Which solution meets these requirements?

- A. Create an IAM role that allows CloudFront to access the specific S3 bucket.

- B. Modify the S3 bucket policy to allow only the new IAM role to access its content
- C. Create an interface VPC endpoint for CloudFront to securely communicate with the ALB.
- D. Create an IAM role that allows CloudFront to access the specific S3 bucket
- E. Modify the S3 bucket policy to allow only the new IAM role to access its content
- F. Associate the ALB with a security group that allows only incoming traffic from the CloudFront service to communicate with the ALB.
- G. Create an origin access identity (OAI) in CloudFront
- H. Modify the S3 bucket policy to allow only the new OAI to access the bucket content
- I. Create an interface VPC endpoint for CloudFront to securely communicate with the ALB.
- J. Create an origin access identity (OAI) in CloudFront
- K. Modify the S3 bucket policy to allow only the new OAI to access the bucket content
- L. Associate the ALB with a security group that allows only incoming traffic from the CloudFront service to communicate with the ALB.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 1)

An external Auditor finds that a company's user passwords have no minimum length. The company is currently using two identity providers:

- IAM IAM federated with on-premises Active Directory
- Amazon Cognito user pools to accessing an IAM Cloud application developed by the company Which combination of actions should the Security Engineer take to solve this issue? (Select TWO.)

- A. Update the password length policy In the on-premises Active Directory configuration.
- B. Update the password length policy In the IAM configuration.
- C. Enforce an IAM policy In Amazon Cognito and IAM IAM with a minimum password length condition.
- D. Update the password length policy in the Amazon Cognito configuration.
- E. Create an SCP with IAM Organizations that enforces a minimum password length for IAM IAM and Amazon Cognito.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company is building a data lake on Amazon S3. The data consists of millions of small files containing sensitive information. The security team has the following requirements for the architecture:

- Data must be encrypted in transit.
- Data must be encrypted at rest.
- The bucket must be private, but if the bucket is accidentally made public, the data must remain confidential. Which combination of steps would meet the requirements? (Select THREE.)

- A. Enable AES-256 encryption using server-side encryption with Amazon S3-managed encryption keys (SSE-S3) on the S3 bucket
- B. Enable default encryption with server-side encryption with IAM KMS-managed keys (SSE-KMS) on the S3 bucket.
- C. Add a bucket policy that includes a deny if a PutObject request does not include IAMiSecureTcanspocet.
- D. Add a bucket policy with ws: SourceIp to Allow uploads and downloads from the corporate intranet only.
- E. Add a bucket policy that includes a deny if a PutObject request does not include s3:x-amz-server-side-encryption: "IAM: kms".
- F. Enable Amazon Macie to monitor and act on changes to the data lake's S3 bucket.

Answer: BDF

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company had one of its Amazon EC2 key pairs compromised. A Security Engineer must identify which current Linux EC2 instances were deployed and used the compromised key pair.

How can this task be accomplished?

- A. Obtain the list of instances by directly querying Amazon EC2 using: IAM ec2 describe-instances--filters "Name=key-name,Values=KEYNAMEHERE".
- B. Obtain the fingerprint for the key pair from the IAM Management Console, then search for the fingerprint in the Amazon Inspector logs.
- C. Obtain the output from the EC2 instance metadata using: curl http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/public-keys/0/.
- D. Obtain the fingerprint for the key pair from the IAM Management Console, then search for the fingerprint in Amazon CloudWatch Logs using: IAM logs filter-log-events.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's architecture requires that its three Amazon EC2 instances run behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB). The EC2 instances transmit sensitive data between each other. Developers use SSL certificates to encrypt the traffic between the public users and the ALB. However, the Developers are unsure of how to encrypt the data in transit between the ALB and the EC2 instances and the traffic between the EC2 instances.

Which combination of activities must the company implement to meet its encryption requirements? (Select TWO)

- A. Configure SSL/TLS on the EC2 instances and configure the ALB target group to use HTTPS
- B. Ensure that all resources are in the same VPC so the default encryption provided by the VPC is used to encrypt the traffic between the EC2 instances.
- C. In the ALB
- D. select the default encryption to encrypt the traffic between the ALB and the EC2 instances
- E. In the code for the application, include a cryptography library and encrypt the data before sending it between the EC2 instances
- F. Configure IAM Direct Connect to provide an encrypted tunnel between the EC2 instances

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 1)

A Web Administrator for the website example.com has created an Amazon CloudFront distribution for dev.example.com, with a requirement to configure HTTPS using a custom TLS certificate imported to IAM Certificate Manager.

Which combination of steps is required to ensure availability of the certificate in the CloudFront console? (Choose two.)

- A. Call UploadServerCertificate with /cloudfront/dev/ in the path parameter.
- B. Import the certificate with a 4,096-bit RSA public key.
- C. Ensure that the certificate, private key, and certificate chain are PKCS #12-encoded.
- D. Import the certificate in the us-east-1 (
- E. Virginia) Region.
- F. Ensure that the certificate, private key, and certificate chain are PEM-encoded.

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company is configuring three Amazon EC2 instances with each instance in a separate Availability Zone. The EC2 instances will be used as transparent proxies for outbound internet traffic for ports 80 and 443 so the proxies can block traffic to certain internet destinations as required by the company's security policies. A Security Engineer completed the following:

- Set up the proxy software on the EC2 instances.
- Modified the route tables on the private subnets to use the proxy EC2 instances as the default route.
- Created a security group rule opening inbound port 80 and 443 TCP protocols on the proxy EC2 instance security group.

However, the proxy EC2 instances are not successfully forwarding traffic to the internet.

What should the Security Engineer do to make the proxy EC2 instances route traffic to the internet?

- A. Put all the proxy EC2 instances in a cluster placement group.
- B. Disable source and destination checks on the proxy EC2 instances.
- C. Open all inbound ports on the proxy EC2 instance security group.
- D. Change the VPC's DHCP domain-name-server's options set to the IP addresses of proxy EC2 instances.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 11

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer needs to configure monitoring and auditing for IAM Lambda.

Which combination of actions using IAM services should the security engineer take to accomplish this goal? (Select TWO.)

- A. Use IAM Config to track configuration changes to Lambda functions, runtime environments, tags, handler names, code sizes, memory allocation, timeout settings, and concurrency settings, along with Lambda IAM execution role, subnet, and security group associations.
- B. Use IAM CloudTrail to implement governance, compliance, operational, and risk auditing for Lambda.
- C. Use Amazon Inspector to automatically monitor for vulnerabilities and perform governance, compliance, operational, and risk auditing for Lambda.
- D. Use IAM Resource Access Manager to track configuration changes to Lambda functions, runtime environments, tags, handler names, code sizes, memory allocation, timeout settings, and concurrency settings, along with Lambda IAM execution role, subnet, and security group associations.
- E. Use Amazon Macie to discover, classify, and protect sensitive data being executed inside the Lambda function.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 13

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company is outsourcing its operational support to an external company. The company's security officer must implement an access solution for delegating operational support that minimizes overhead.

Which approach should the security officer take to meet these requirements?

- A. Implement Amazon Cognito identity pools with a role that uses a policy that denies the actions related to Amazon Cognito API management. Allow the external company to federate through its identity provider.
- B. Federate IAM identity and Access Management (IAM) with the external company's identity provider. Create an IAM role and attach a policy with the necessary permissions.
- C. Create an IAM group for the external company. Add a policy to the group that denies IAM modifications. Securely provide the credentials to the external company.
- D. Use IAM SSO with the external company's identity provider.
- E. Create an IAM group to map to the identity provider user group, and attach a policy with the necessary permissions.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 18

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's development team is designing an application using IAM Lambda and Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS). The development team needs to create IAM roles to support these systems. The company's security team wants to allow the developers to build IAM roles directly, but the security team wants to retain control over the permissions the developers can delegate to those roles. The development team needs access to more permissions than those required for the application's IAM services. The solution must minimize management overhead.

How should the security team prevent privilege escalation for both teams?

- A. Enable IAM CloudTrail.
- B. Create a Lambda function that monitors the event history for privilege escalation events and notifies the security team.
- C. Create a managed IAM policy for the permissions required.
- D. Reference the IAM policy as a permissions boundary within the development team's IAM role.
- E. Enable IAM Organizations. Create an SCP that allows the IAM CreateUser action but that has a condition that prevents API calls other than those required by the development team.
- F. Create an IAM policy with a deny on the IAMCreateUser action and assign the policy to the development team.
- G. Use a ticket system to allow the developers to request new IAM roles for their application.

H. The IAM roles will then be created by the security team.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 21

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company has recently recovered from a security incident that required the restoration of Amazon EC2 instances from snapshots.

After performing a gap analysis of its disaster recovery procedures and backup strategies, the company is concerned that, next time, it will not be able to recover the EC2 instances if the IAM account was compromised and Amazon EBS snapshots were deleted.

All EBS snapshots are encrypted using an IAM KMS CMK. Which solution would solve this problem?

- A. Create a new Amazon S3 bucket Use EBS lifecycle policies to move EBS snapshots to the new S3 bucket
- B. Move snapshots to Amazon S3 Glacier using lifecycle policies, and apply Glacier Vault Lock policies to prevent deletion
- C. Use IAM Systems Manager to distribute a configuration that performs local backups of all attached disks to Amazon S3.
- D. Create a new IAM account with limited privilege
- E. Allow the new account to access the IAM KMS key used to encrypt the EBS snapshots, and copy the encrypted snapshots to the new account on a recurring basis
- F. Use IAM Backup to copy EBS snapshots to Amazon S3.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 24

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer is designing a solution that will provide end-to-end encryption between clients and Docker containers running in Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS). This solution will also handle volatile traffic patterns

Which solution would have the MOST scalability and LOWEST latency?

- A. Configure a Network Load Balancer to terminate the TLS traffic and then re-encrypt the traffic to the containers
- B. Configure an Application Load Balancer to terminate the TLS traffic and then re-encrypt the traffic to the containers
- C. Configure a Network Load Balancer with a TCP listener to pass through TLS traffic to the containers
- D. Configure Amazon Route 53 to use multivalued answer routing to send traffic to the containers

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 29

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company has a VPC with several Amazon EC2 instances behind a NAT gateway. The company's security policy states that all network traffic must be logged and must include the original source and destination IP addresses. The existing VPC Flow Logs do not include this information. A security engineer needs to recommend a solution.

Which combination of steps should the security engineer recommend? (Select TWO)

- A. Edit the existing VPC Flow Log
- B. Change the log format of the VPC Flow Logs from the Amazon default format to a custom format.
- C. Delete and recreate the existing VPC Flow Log
- D. Change the log format of the VPC Flow Logs from the Amazon default format to a custom format.
- E. Change the destination to Amazon CloudWatch Logs.
- F. Include the pkt-srcaddr and pkt-destaddr fields in the log format.
- G. Include the subnet-id and instance-id fields in the log format.

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 30

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company recently performed an annual security assessment of its IAM environment. The assessment showed that audit logs are not available beyond 90 days and that unauthorized changes to IAM policies are made without detection.

How should a security engineer resolve these issues?

- A. Create an Amazon S3 lifecycle policy that archives IAM CloudTrail trail logs to Amazon S3 Glacier after 90 days
- B. Configure Amazon Inspector to provide a notification when a policy change is made to resources.
- C. Configure IAM Artifact to archive IAM CloudTrail logs Configure IAM Trusted Advisor to provide a notification when a policy change is made to resources.
- D. Configure Amazon CloudWatch to export log groups to Amazon S3. Configure IAM CloudTrail to provide a notification when a policy change is made to resources.
- E. Create an IAM CloudTrail trail that stores audit logs in Amazon S3. Configure an IAM Config rule to provide a notification when a policy change is made to resources.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAMcloudtrail/latest/userguide/best-practices-security.html>

"For an ongoing record of events in your IAM account, you must create a trail. Although CloudTrail provides 90 days of event history information for management events in the CloudTrail console without creating a trail, it is not a permanent record, and it does not provide information about all possible types of events. For an ongoing record, and for a record that contains all the event types you specify, you must create a trail, which delivers log files to an Amazon S3 bucket that you specify."

<https://IAM.amazon.com/blogs/security/how-to-record-and-govern-your-iam-resource-configurations-using-IAM>

NEW QUESTION 35

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's security engineer is configuring Amazon S3 permissions to ban all current and future public buckets However, the company hosts several websites

directly off S3 buckets with public access enabled

The engineer needs to block the public S3 buckets without causing any outages on the existing websites. The engineer has set up an Amazon CloudFront distribution (or each website).

Which set of steps should the security engineer implement next?

- A. Configure an S3 bucket as the origin and origin access identity (OAI) for the CloudFront distribution. Switch the DNS records from websites to point to the CloudFront distribution. Enable block public access settings at the account level.
- B. Configure an S3 bucket as the origin with an origin access identity (OAI) for the CloudFront distribution. Switch the DNS records for the websites to point to the CloudFront distribution. Then, for each S3 bucket, enable block public access settings.
- C. Configure an S3 bucket as the origin with an origin access identity (OAI) for the CloudFront distribution. Enable block public access settings at the account level.
- D. Configure an S3 bucket as the origin for the CloudFront distribution. Configure the S3 bucket policy to accept connections from the CloudFront points of presence only. Switch the DNS records for the websites to point to the CloudFront distribution. Enable block public access settings at the account level.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 36

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer is responsible for providing secure access to IAM resources for thousands of developers in a company's corporate identity provider (IdP). The developers access a set of IAM services from the corporate premises using IAM credentials. Due to the volume of requests for provisioning new IAM users, it is taking a long time to grant access permissions. The security engineer receives reports that developers are sharing their IAM credentials with others to avoid provisioning delays. This causes concern about overall security for the security engineer.

Which actions will meet the program requirements that address security?

- A. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm for IAM CloudTrail Events. Create a metric filter to send a notification when the same set of IAM credentials is used by multiple developers.
- B. Create a federation between IAM and the existing corporate IdP. Leverage IAM roles to provide federated access to IAM resources.
- C. Create a VPN tunnel between the corporate premises and the VPC. Allow permissions to all IAM services only if they originate from corporate premises.
- D. Create multiple IAM roles for each IAM user. Ensure that users who use the same IAM credentials cannot assume the same IAM role at the same time.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 38

- (Exam Topic 1)

After multiple compromises of its Amazon EC2 instances, a company's Security Officer is mandating that memory dumps of compromised instances be captured for further analysis. A Security Engineer just received an EC2 abuse notification report from IAM stating that an EC2 instance running the most recent Windows Server 2019 Base AMI is compromised.

How should the Security Engineer collect a memory dump of the EC2 instance for forensic analysis?

- A. Give consent to the IAM Security team to dump the memory core on the compromised instance and provide it to IAM Support for analysis.
- B. Review memory dump data that the IAM Systems Manager Agent sent to Amazon CloudWatch Logs.
- C. Download and run the EC2Rescue for Windows Server utility from IAM.
- D. Reboot the EC2 Windows Server, enter safe mode, and select memory dump.

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAMEC2/latest/WindowsGuide/ec2rw-cli.html>

NEW QUESTION 42

- (Exam Topic 1)

A large government organization is moving to the cloud and has specific encryption requirements. The first workload to move requires that a customer's data be immediately destroyed when the customer makes that request.

Management has asked the security team to provide a solution that will securely store the data, allow only authorized applications to perform encryption and decryption, and allow for immediate destruction of the data.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use IAM Secrets Manager and an IAM SDK to create a unique secret for the customer-specific data.
- B. Use IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS) and the IAM Encryption SDK to generate and store a data encryption key for each customer.
- C. Use IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS) with service-managed keys to generate and store customer-specific data encryption keys.
- D. Use IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS) and create an IAM CloudHSM custom key store. Use CloudHSM to generate and store a new CMK for each customer.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 46

- (Exam Topic 1)

After a recent security audit involving Amazon S3, a company has asked assistance reviewing its S3 buckets to determine whether data is properly secured. The first S3 bucket on the list has the following bucket policy.

```

{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Principal": "*",
      "Action": "s3:*",
      "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::examplebucket/*",
      "Condition": {
        "IpAddress": {
          "aws:SourceIp": [
            "10.10.10.0/24"
          ]
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

Is this bucket policy sufficient to ensure that the data is not publicly accessible?

- A. Yes, the bucket policy makes the whole bucket publicly accessible despite now the S3 bucket ACL or object ACLs are configured.
- B. Yes, none of the data in the bucket is publicly accessible, regardless of how the S3 bucket ACL and object ACLs are configured.
- C. No, the IAM user policy would need to be examined first to determine whether any data is publicly accessible.
- D. No, the S3 bucket ACL and object ACLs need to be examined first to determine whether any data is publicly accessible.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 48

- (Exam Topic 1)

A global company must mitigate and respond to DDoS attacks at Layers 3, 4 and 7 All of the company's IAM applications are serverless with static content hosted on Amazon S3 using Amazon CloudFront and Amazon Route 53

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use IAM WAF with an upgrade to the IAM Business support plan
- B. Use IAM Certificate Manager with an Application Load Balancer configured with an origin access identity
- C. Use IAM Shield Advanced
- D. Use IAM WAF to protect IAM Lambda functions encrypted with IAM KMS and a NACL restricting all Ingress traffic

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 49

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's on-premises data center forwards DNS logs to a third-party security incident events management (SIEM) solution that alerts on suspicious behavior. The company wants to introduce a similar capability to its IAM accounts that includes automatic remediation. The company expects to double in size within the next few months.

Which solution meets the company's current and future logging requirements?

- A. Enable Amazon GuardDuty and IAM Security Hub in all Regions and all account
- B. Designate a master security account to receive all alerts from the child account
- C. Set up specific rules within Amazon EventBridge to trigger an IAM Lambda function for remediation steps.
- D. Ingest all IAM CloudTrail logs, VPC Flow Logs, and DNS logs into a single Amazon S3 bucket in a designated security account
- E. Use the current on-premises SIEM to monitor the logs and send a notification to an Amazon SNS topic to alert the security team of remediation steps.
- F. Ingest all IAM CloudTrail logs, VPC Flow Logs, and DNS logs into a single Amazon S3 bucket in a designated security account
- G. Launch an Amazon EC2 instance and install the current SIEM to monitor the logs and send a notification to an Amazon SNS topic to alert the security team of remediation steps.
- H. Enable Amazon GuardDuty and IAM Security Hub in all Regions and all account
- I. Designate a master security account to receive all alerts from the child account
- J. Create an IAM Organizations SCP that denies access to certain API calls that are on an ignore list.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 50

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company uses Microsoft Active Directory for access management for on-premises resources and wants to use the same mechanism for accessing its IAM accounts. Additionally, the development team plans to launch a public-facing application for which they need a separate authentication solution.

When combination of the following would satisfy these requirements? (Select TWO)

- A. Set up domain controllers on Amazon EC2 to extend the on-premises directory to IAM
- B. Establish network connectivity between on-premises and the user's VPC
- C. Use Amazon Cognito user pools for application authentication
- D. Use AD Connector for application authentication.
- E. Set up federated sign-in to IAM through ADFS and SAML.

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 54

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer need to ensure their company's uses of IAM meets IAM security best practices. As part of this, the IAM account root user must not be used for daily work. The root user must be monitored for use, and the Security team must be alerted as quickly as possible if the root user is used.

Which solution meets these requirements?

- A. Set up an Amazon CloudWatch Events rule that triggers an Amazon SNS notification.
- B. Set up an Amazon CloudWatch Events rule that triggers an Amazon SNS notification logs from S3 and generate notifications using Amazon SNS.
- C. Set up a rule in IAM config to trigger root user event
- D. Trigger an IAM Lambda function and generate notifications using Amazon SNS.
- E. Use Amazon Inspector to monitor the usage of the root user and generate notifications using Amazon SNS

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 57

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer must develop an encryption tool for a company. The company requires a cryptographic solution that supports the ability to perform cryptographic erasure on all resources protected by the key material in 15 minutes or less

Which IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS) key solution will allow the security engineer to meet these requirements?

- A. Use Imported key material with CMK
- B. Use an IAM KMS CMK
- C. Use an IAM managed CMK.
- D. Use an IAM KMS customer managed CMK

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 58

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company uses multiple IAM accounts managed with IAM Organizations Security engineers have created a standard set of security groups for all these accounts. The security policy requires that these security groups be used for all applications and delegates modification authority to the security team only.

A recent security audit found that the security groups are inconsistency implemented across accounts and that unauthorized changes have been made to the security groups. A security engineer needs to recommend a solution to improve consistency and to prevent unauthorized changes in the individual accounts in the future.

Which solution should the security engineer recommend?

- A. Use IAM Resource Access Manager to create shared resources for each required security group and apply an IAM policy that permits read-only access to the security groups only.
- B. Create an IAM CloudFormation template that creates the required security groups Execute the template as part of configuring new accounts Enable Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notifications when changes occur
- C. Use IAM Firewall Manager to create a security group policy, enable the policy feature to identify and revert local changes, and enable automatic remediation
- D. Use IAM Control Tower to edit the account factory template to enable the snare security groups option Apply an SCP to the OU or individual accounts that prohibits security group modifications from local account users

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 60

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company has several critical applications running on a large fleet of Amazon EC2 instances. As part of a security operations review, the company needs to apply a critical operating system patch to EC2 instances within 24 hours of the patch becoming available from the operating system vendor. The company does not have a patching solution deployed on IAM, but does have IAM Systems Manager configured. The solution must also minimize administrative overhead.

What should a security engineer recommend to meet these requirements?

- A. Create an IAM Config rule defining the patch as a required configuration for EC2 instances.
- B. Use the IAM Systems Manager Run Command to patch affected instances.
- C. Use an IAM Systems Manager Patch Manager predefined baseline to patch affected instances.
- D. Use IAM Systems Manager Session Manager to log in to each affected instance and apply the patch.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 62

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer is asked to update an AWS CloudTrail log file prefix for an existing trail. When attempting to save the change in the CloudTrail console, the security engineer receives the following error message. "There is a problem with the bucket policy"

What will enable the security engineer to save the change?

- A. Create a new trail with the updated log file prefix, and then delete the original trail Update the existing bucket policy in the Amazon S3 console with the new log file prefix, and then update the log file prefix in the CloudTrail console
- B. Update the existing bucket policy in the Amazon S3 console to allow the security engineers principal to perform PutBucketPolicy
- C. and then update the log file prefix in the CloudTrail console
- D. Update the existing bucket policy in the Amazon S3 console with the new log file prefix, and then update the log file prefix in the CloudTrail console.
- E. Update the existing bucket policy in the Amazon S3 console to allow the security engineers principal to perform GetBucketPolicy, and then update the log file prefix in the CloudTrail console

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAMcloudtrail/latest/userguide/create-s3-bucket-policy-for-cloudtrail.html#cloud>

NEW QUESTION 63

- (Exam Topic 1)

Users report intermittent availability of a web application hosted on IAM. Monitoring systems report an excess of abnormal network traffic followed by high CPU utilization on the application web tier. Which of the following techniques will improve the availability of the application? (Select TWO.)

- A. Deploy IAM WAF to block all unsecured web applications from accessing the internet.
- B. Deploy an Intrusion Detection/Prevention System (IDS/IPS) to monitor or block unusual incoming network traffic.
- C. Configure security groups to allow outgoing network traffic only from hosts that are protected with up-to-date antivirus software.
- D. Create Amazon CloudFront distribution and configure IAM WAF rules to protect the web applications from malicious traffic.
- E. Use the default Amazon VPC for external-facing systems to allow IAM to actively block malicious network traffic affecting Amazon EC2 instances.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 64

- (Exam Topic 1)

To meet regulatory requirements, a Security Engineer needs to implement an IAM policy that restricts the use of IAM services to the us-east-1 Region. What policy should the Engineer implement?

A

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "*",
      "Resource": "*",
      "Condition": {
        "StringEquals": {
          "aws:RequestedRegion": "us-east-1"
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

B

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "*",
      "Resource": "*",
      "Condition": {
        "StringEquals": {
          "ec2:Region": "us-east-1"
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

C

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Deny",
      "Action": "*",
      "Resource": "*",
      "Condition": {
        "StringNotEquals": {
          "aws:RequestedRegion": "us-east-1"
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

D

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Deny",
      "NotAction": "*",
      "Resource": "*",
      "Condition": {
        "StringEquals": {
          "aws:RequestedRegion": "us-east-1"
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 69

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's Developers plan to migrate their on-premises applications to Amazon EC2 instances running Amazon Linux AMIs. The applications are accessed by a group of partner companies. The Security Engineer needs to implement the following host-based security measures for these instances:

- Block traffic from documented known bad IP addresses
- Detect known software vulnerabilities and CIS Benchmarks compliance. Which solution addresses these requirements?

- A. Launch the EC2 instances with an IAM role attached
- B. Include a user data script that uses the IAM CLI to retrieve the list of bad IP addresses from IAM Secrets Manager and uploads it as a threat list in Amazon GuardDuty. Use Amazon Inspector to scan the instances for known software vulnerabilities and CIS Benchmarks compliance.
- C. Launch the EC2 instances with an IAM role attached. Include a user data script that uses the IAM CLI to create NACLs blocking ingress traffic from the known bad IP addresses in the EC2 instance's subnets. Use IAM Systems Manager to scan the instances for known software vulnerabilities, and IAM Trusted Advisor to check instances for CIS Benchmarks compliance.
- D. Launch the EC2 instances with an IAM role attached. Include a user data script that uses the IAM CLI to create and attach security groups that only allow an allow-listed source IP address range inbound.
- E. Use Amazon Inspector to scan the instances for known software vulnerabilities, and IAM Trusted Advisor to check instances for CIS Benchmarks compliance.
- F. Launch the EC2 instances with an IAM role attached. Include a user data script that creates a cron job to periodically retrieve the list of bad IP addresses from Amazon S3, and configures iptables on the instances blocking the list of bad IP addresses. Use Amazon Inspector to scan the instances for known software vulnerabilities and CIS Benchmarks compliance.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 70

- (Exam Topic 1)

A Security Engineer for a large company is managing a data processing application used by 1,500 subsidiary companies. The parent and subsidiary companies all use IAM. The application uses TCP port 443 and runs on Amazon EC2 behind a Network Load Balancer (NLB). For compliance reasons, the application should only be accessible to the subsidiaries and should not be available on the public internet. To meet the compliance requirements for restricted access, the Engineer has received the public and private CIDR block ranges for each subsidiary.

What solution should the Engineer use to implement the appropriate access restrictions for the application?

- A. Create a NACL to allow access on TCP port 443 from the 1,500 subsidiary CIDR block ranges. Associate the NACL to both the NLB and EC2 instances.
- B. Create an IAM security group to allow access on TCP port 443 from the 1,500 subsidiary CIDR block range.
- C. Associate the security group to the NLB.
- D. Create a second security group for EC2 instances with access on TCP port 443 from the NLB security group.
- E. Create an IAM PrivateLink endpoint service in the parent company account attached to the NLB.
- F. Create an IAM security group for the instances to allow access on TCP port 443 from the IAM PrivateLink endpoint.
- G. Use IAM PrivateLink interface endpoints in the 1,500 subsidiary IAM accounts to connect to the data processing application.
- H. Create an IAM security group to allow access on TCP port 443 from the 1,500 subsidiary CIDR block range.
- I. Associate the security group with EC2 instances.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 1)

A Security Engineer accidentally deleted the imported key material in an IAM KMS CMK. What should the Security Engineer do to restore the deleted key material?

- A. Create a new CMK.
- B. Download a new wrapping key and a new import token to import the original key material.
- C. Create a new CMK. Use the original wrapping key and import token to import the original key material.
- D. Download a new wrapping key and a new import token. Import the original key material into the existing CMK.

E. Use the original wrapping key and import token Import the original key material into the existing CMK

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 74

- (Exam Topic 1)

A Security Engineer is setting up an IAM CloudTrail trail for all regions in an IAM account. For added security, the logs are stored using server-side encryption with IAM KMS-managed keys (SSE-KMS) and have log integrity validation enabled.

While testing the solution, the Security Engineer discovers that the digest files are readable, but the log files are not. What is the MOST likely cause?

- A. The log files fail integrity validation and automatically are marked as unavailable.
- B. The KMS key policy does not grant the Security Engineer's IAM user or role permissions to decrypt with it.
- C. The bucket is set up to use server-side encryption with Amazon S3-managed keys (SSE-S3) as the default and does not allow SSE-KMS-encrypted files.
- D. An IAM policy applicable to the Security Engineer's IAM user or role denies access to the "CloudTrail/" prefix in the Amazon S3 bucket

Answer: B

Explanation:

Enabling server-side encryption encrypts the log files but not the digest files with SSE-KMS. Digest files are encrypted with Amazon S3-managed encryption keys (SSE-S3). <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAMcloudtrail/latest/userguide/encrypting-cloudtrail-log-files-with-IAM-kms.htm>

NEW QUESTION 75

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company hosts a web-based application that captures and stores sensitive data in an Amazon DynamoDB table. A security audit reveals that the application does not provide end-to-end data protection or the ability to detect unauthorized data changes. The software engineering team needs to make changes that will address the audit findings.

Which set of steps should the software engineering team take?

- A. Use an IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS) CM
- B. Encrypt the data at rest.
- C. Use IAM Certificate Manager (ACM) Private Certificate Authority Encrypt the data in transit.
- D. Use a DynamoDB encryption client
- E. Use client-side encryption and sign the table items
- F. Use the IAM Encryption SD
- G. Use client-side encryption and sign the table items.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 78

- (Exam Topic 1)

While securing the connection between a company's VPC and its on-premises data center, a Security Engineer sent a ping command from an on-premises host (IP address 203.0.113.12) to an Amazon EC2 instance (IP address 172.31.16.139). The ping command did not return a response. The flow log in the VPC showed the following:

```
2 123456789010 eni-1235b8ca 203.0.113.12 172.31.16.139 0 0 1 4 336 1432917027 1432917142 ACCEPT OK
2 123456789010 eni-1235b8ca 172.31.16.139 203.0.113.12 0 0 1 4 336 1432917094 1432917142 REJECT OK
```

What action should be performed to allow the ping to work?

- A. In the security group of the EC2 instance, allow inbound ICMP traffic.
- B. In the security group of the EC2 instance, allow outbound ICMP traffic.
- C. In the VPC's NACL, allow inbound ICMP traffic.
- D. In the VPC's NACL, allow outbound ICMP traffic.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 83

- (Exam Topic 1)

A Security Engineer has discovered that, although encryption was enabled on the Amazon S3 bucket example bucket, anyone who has access to the bucket has the ability to retrieve the files. The Engineer wants to limit access to each IAM user can access an assigned folder only.

What should the Security Engineer do to achieve this?

- A. Use envelope encryption with the IAM-managed CMK IAM/s3.
- B. Create a customer-managed CMK with a key policy granting "kms:Decrypt" based on the "\${IAM:username}" variable.
- C. Create a customer-managed CMK for each use
- D. Add each user as a key user in their corresponding key policy.
- E. Change the applicable IAM policy to grant S3 access to "Resource": "arn:iam:s3:::examplebucket/\${IAM:username}/*"

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://IAM.amazon.com/premiumsupport/knowledge-center/iam-s3-user-specific-folder/>

NEW QUESTION 87

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company is setting up products to deploy in IAM Service Catalog. Management is concerned that when users launch products, elevated IAM privileges will be required to create resources. How should the company mitigate this concern?

- A. Add a template constraint to each product in the portfolio.
- B. Add a launch constraint to each product in the portfolio.

- C. Define resource update constraints for each product in the portfolio.
- D. Update the IAM CloudFormation template backing the product to include a service role configuration.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/servicecatalog/latest/adminguide/constraints-launch.html>

Launch constraints apply to products in the portfolio (product-portfolio association). Launch constraints do not apply at the portfolio level or to a product across all portfolios. To associate a launch constraint with all products in a portfolio, you must apply the launch constraint to each product individually.

NEW QUESTION 92

- (Exam Topic 1)

Authorized Administrators are unable to connect to an Amazon EC2 Linux bastion host using SSH over the internet. The connection either fails to respond or generates the following error message:

Network error: Connection timed out.

What could be responsible for the connection failure? (Select THREE)

- A. The NAT gateway in the subnet where the EC2 instance is deployed has been misconfigured
- B. The internet gateway of the VPC has been reconfigured
- C. The security group denies outbound traffic on ephemeral ports
- D. The route table is missing a route to the internet gateway
- E. The NACL denies outbound traffic on ephemeral ports
- F. The host-based firewall is denying SSH traffic

Answer: BDF

NEW QUESTION 94

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's Director of information Security wants a daily email report from IAM that contains recommendations for each company account to meet IAM Security best practices.

Which solution would meet these requirements?

- A. In every IAM account, configure IAM Lambda to query the IAM Support API for IAM Trusted Advisor security checks. Send the results from Lambda to an Amazon SNS topic to send reports.
- B. Configure Amazon GuardDuty in a master account and invite all other accounts to be managed by the master account. Use GuardDuty's integration with Amazon SNS to report on findings.
- C. Use Amazon Athena and Amazon QuickSight to build reports off of IAM CloudTrail. Create a daily Amazon CloudWatch trigger to run the report daily and email it using Amazon SNS.
- D. Use IAM Artifact's prebuilt reports and subscriptions. Subscribe the Director of Information Security to the reports by adding the Director as the security alternate contact for each account.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 96

- (Exam Topic 1)

A Security Administrator at a university is configuring a fleet of Amazon EC2 instances. The EC2 instances are shared among students, and non-root SSH access is allowed. The Administrator is concerned about students attacking other IAM account resources by using the EC2 instance metadata service.

What can the Administrator do to protect against this potential attack?

- A. Disable the EC2 instance metadata service.
- B. Log all student SSH interactive session activity.
- C. Implement IP table-based restrictions on the instances.
- D. Install the Amazon Inspector agent on the instances.

Answer: A

Explanation:

"To turn off access to instance metadata on an existing instance....." <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAMEC2/latest/UserGuide/configuring-instance-metadata-service.html> You can disable the service for existing (running or stopped) EC2 instances. <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/cli/latest/reference/ec2/modify-instance-metadata-options.html>

NEW QUESTION 98

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's web application is hosted on Amazon EC2 instances running behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB) in an Auto Scaling group. An IAM WAF web ACL is associated with the ALB. IAM CloudTrail is enabled, and stores logs in Amazon S3 and Amazon CloudWatch Logs.

The operations team has observed some EC2 instances reboot at random. After rebooting, all access logs on the instances have been deleted. During an investigation, the operations team found that each reboot happened just after a PHP error occurred on the new-user-creation.php file. The operations team needs to view log information to determine if the company is being attacked.

Which set of actions will identify the suspect attacker's IP address for future occurrences?

- A. Configure VPC Flow Logs on the subnet where the ALB is located, and stream the data to CloudWatch. Search for the new-user-creation.php occurrences in CloudWatch.
- B. Configure the CloudWatch agent on the ALB. Configure the agent to send application logs to CloudWatch. Update the instance role to allow CloudWatch Logs access.
- C. Export the logs to CloudWatch. Search for the new-user-creation.php occurrences in CloudWatch.
- D. Configure the ALB to export access logs to an Amazon Elasticsearch Service cluster, and use the service to search for the new-user-creation.php occurrences.
- E. Configure the web ACL to send logs to Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose, which delivers the logs to an S3 bucket. Use Amazon Athena to query the logs and find the new-user-creation.php occurrences.

Answer: D

Explanation:

You send logs from your web ACL to an Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose with a configured storage destination. After you enable logging, IAM WAF delivers logs to your storage destination through the HTTPS endpoint of Kinesis Data Firehose. <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/waf/latest/developerguide/logging.html>

NEW QUESTION 100

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's information security team want to do near-real-time anomaly detection on Amazon EC2 performance and usage statistics. Log aggregation is the responsibility of a security engineer. To do the study, the Engineer needs gather logs from all of the company's IAM accounts in a single place. How should the Security Engineer go about doing this?

- A. Log in to each account four times a day and filter the IAM CloudTrail log data, then copy and paste the logs in to the Amazon S3 bucket in the destination account.
- B. Set up Amazon CloudWatch to stream data to an Amazon S3 bucket in each source account
- C. Set up bucket replication for each source account into a centralized bucket owned by the Security Engineer.
- D. Set up an IAM Config aggregator to collect IAM configuration data from multiple sources.
- E. Set up Amazon CloudWatch cross-account log data sharing with subscriptions in each account
- F. Send the logs to Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose in the Security Engineer's account.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Read the prerequisites in the question carefully. The solution must support "near real time" analysis of the log data. Cloudwatch doesn't stream logs to S3; it supports exporting them to S3 with an up to 12 hour expected delay:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/logs/S3Export.html>

"Log data can take up to 12 hours to become available for export. For near real-time analysis of log data, see Analyzing log data with CloudWatch Logs Insights or Real-time processing of log data with subscriptions instead."

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/logs/Subscriptions.html>

"You can use subscriptions to get access to a real-time feed of log events from CloudWatch Logs and have it delivered to other services such as an Amazon Kinesis stream, an Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose stream, or IAM Lambda for custom processing, analysis, or loading to other systems. When log events are sent to the receiving service, they are Base64 encoded and compressed with the gzip format."

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/logs/CrossAccountSubscriptions.html>

NEW QUESTION 104

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company has several workloads running on IAM. Employees are required to authenticate using on-premises ADFS and SSO to access the IAM Management Console. Developers migrated an existing legacy web application to an Amazon EC2 instance. Employees need to access this application from anywhere on the internet, but currently, there is no authentication system built into the application.

How should the Security Engineer implement employee-only access to this system without changing the application?

- A. Place the application behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB). Use Amazon Cognito as authentication for the ALB
- B. Define a SAML-based Amazon Cognito user pool and connect it to ADFS.
- C. Implement IAM SSO in the master account and link it to ADFS as an identity provide
- D. Define the EC2 instance as a managed resource, then apply an IAM policy on the resource.
- E. Define an Amazon Cognito identity pool, then install the connector on the Active Directory server
- F. Use the Amazon Cognito SDK on the application instance to authenticate the employees using their Active Directory user names and passwords.
- G. Create an IAM Lambda custom authorizer as the authenticator for a reverse proxy on Amazon EC2. Ensure the security group on Amazon EC2 only allows access from the Lambda function.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/elasticloadbalancing/latest/application/listener-authenticate-users.html>

- Authenticate users through social IdPs, such as Amazon, Facebook, or Google, through the user pools supported by Amazon Cognito.
- Authenticate users through corporate identities, using SAML, LDAP, or Microsoft AD, through the user pools supported by Amazon Cognito.

NEW QUESTION 108

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's Security Officer is concerned about the risk of IAM account root user logins and has assigned a Security Engineer to implement a notification solution for near-real-time alerts upon account root user logins.

How should the Security Engineer meet these requirements?

- A. Create a cron job that runs a script to download the IAM IAM security credentials W
- B. parse the file for account root user logins and email the Security team's distribution list
- C. Run IAM CloudTrail logs through Amazon CloudWatch Events to detect account root user logins and trigger an IAM Lambda function to send an Amazon SNS notification to the Security team's distribution list.
- D. Save IAM CloudTrail logs to an Amazon S3 bucket in the Security team's account Process the CloudTrail logs with the Security Engineer's logging solution for account root user logins Send an Amazon SNS notification to the Security team upon encountering the account root user login events
- E. Save VPC Flow Logs to an Amazon S3 bucket in the Security team's account and process the VPC Flow Logs with their logging solutions for account root user logins Send an Amazon SNS notification to the Security team upon encountering the account root user login events

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 110

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer must use IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS) to design a key management solution for a set of Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volumes that contain sensitive data. The solution needs to ensure that the key material automatically expires in 90 days.

Which solution meets these criteria?

- A. A customer managed CMK that uses customer provided key material
- B. A customer managed CMK that uses IAM provided key material
- C. An IAM managed CMK
- D. Operating system-native encryption that uses GnuPG

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 114

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company wants to encrypt data locally while meeting regulatory requirements related to key exhaustion. The encryption key can be no more than 10 days old or encrypt more than 2¹⁶ objects Any encryption key must be generated on a FIPS-validated hardware security module (HSM). The company is cost-conscious, as plans to upload an average of 100 objects to Amazon S3 each second for sustained operations across 5 data producers When approach MOST efficiently meets the company's needs?

- A. Use the IAM Encryption SDK and set the maximum age to 10 days and the minimum number of messages encrypted to 2¹⁶. Use IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS) to generate the master key and data key Use data key caching with the Encryption SDK during the encryption process.
- B. Use IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS) to generate an IAM managed CM
- C. Then use Amazon S3 client-side encryption configured to automatically rotate with every object
- D. Use IAM CloudHSM to generate the master key and data key
- E. Then use Boto 3 and Python to locally encrypt data before uploading the object Rotate the data key every 10 days or after 2¹⁶ objects have been Uploaded to Amazon S3
- F. Use server-side encryption with Amazon S3 managed encryption keys (SSE-S3) and set the master key to automatically rotate.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 119

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company has an IAM account and allows a third-party contractor who uses another IAM account, to assume certain IAM roles. The company wants to ensure that IAM roles can be assumed by the contractor only if the contractor has multi-factor authentication enabled on their IAM user accounts What should the company do to accomplish this?

A)

```
Add the following condition to the IAM policy attached to all IAM roles:
"Effect" : "Deny",
"Condition" : { "BoolIfExists" : { "aws:MultiFactorAuthPresent" : false } }
```

B)

```
Add the following condition to the IAM policy attached to all IAM roles:
"Effect" : "Deny",
"Condition" : { "Bool" : { "aws:MultiFactorAuthPresent" : false } }
```

C)

```
Add the following condition to the IAM policy attached to all IAM roles:
"Effect" : "Allow",
"Condition" : { "Null" : { "aws:MultiFactorAuthPresent" : false } }
```

D)

```
Add the following condition to the IAM policy attached to all IAM roles:
"Effect" : "Allow",
"Condition" : { "BoolIfExists" : { "aws:MultiFactorAuthPresent" : false } }
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 123

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company has a VPC with an IPv6 address range and a public subnet with an IPv6 address block. The VPC currently hosts some public Amazon EC2 instances but a Security Engineer needs to migrate a second application into the VPC that also requires IPv6 connectivity.

This new application will occasionally make API requests to an external, internet-accessible endpoint to receive updates However, the Security team does not want the application's EC2 instance exposed directly to the internet The Security Engineer intends to create a private subnet with a custom route table and to associate the route table with the private subnet

What else does the Security Engineer need to do to ensure the application will not be exposed directly to the internet, but can still communicate as required?

- A. Launch a NAT instance in the public subnet Update the custom route table with a new route to the NAT instance
- B. Remove the internet gateway, and add IAM PrivateLink to the VPC Then update the custom route table with a new route to IAM PrivateLink
- C. Add a managed NAT gateway to the VPC Update the custom route table with a new route to the gateway
- D. Add an egress-only internet gateway to the VP
- E. Update the custom route table with a new route to the gateway

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 125

- (Exam Topic 1)

The Development team receives an error message each time the team members attempt to encrypt or decrypt a Secure String parameter from the SSM Parameter Store by using an IAM KMS customer managed key (CMK).

Which CMK-related issues could be responsible? (Choose two.)

- A. The CMK specified in the application does not exist.
- B. The CMK specified in the application is currently in use.
- C. The CMK specified in the application is using the CMK KeyID instead of CMK Amazon Resource Name.
- D. The CMK specified in the application is not enabled.
- E. The CMK specified in the application is using an alias.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

https://docs.amazonaws.cn/en_us/kms/latest/developerguide/services-parameter-store.html

NEW QUESTION 128

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company has several production IAM accounts and a central security IAM account. The security account is used for centralized monitoring and has IAM privileges to all resources in every corporate account. All of the company's Amazon S3 buckets are tagged with a value denoting the data classification of their contents.

A Security Engineer is deploying a monitoring solution in the security account that will enforce bucket policy compliance. The system must monitor S3 buckets in all production accounts and confirm that any policy change is in accordance with the bucket's data classification. If any change is out of compliance; the Security team must be notified quickly.

Which combination of actions would build the required solution? (Choose three.)

- A. Configure Amazon CloudWatch Events in the production accounts to send all S3 events to the security account event bus.
- B. Enable Amazon GuardDuty in the security account
- C. and join the production accounts as members.
- D. Configure an Amazon CloudWatch Events rule in the security account to detect S3 bucket creation or modification events.
- E. Enable IAM Trusted Advisor and activate email notifications for an email address assigned to the security contact.
- F. Invoke an IAM Lambda function in the security account to analyze S3 bucket settings in response to S3 events, and send non-compliance notifications to the Security team.
- G. Configure event notifications on S3 buckets for PUT; POST, and DELETE events.

Answer: DEF

NEW QUESTION 129

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company is using IAM Organizations to manage multiple IAM accounts. The company has an application that allows users to assume the AppUser IAM role to download files from an Amazon S3 bucket that is encrypted with an IAM KMS CMK. However, when users try to access the files in the S3 bucket, they get an access denied error.

What should a Security Engineer do to troubleshoot this error? (Select THREE)

- A. Ensure the KMS policy allows the AppUser role to have permission to decrypt for the CMK
- B. Ensure the S3 bucket policy allows the AppUser role to have permission to get objects for the S3 bucket
- C. Ensure the CMK was created before the S3 bucket.
- D. Ensure the S3 block public access feature is enabled for the S3 bucket.
- E. Ensure that automatic key rotation is disabled for the CMK
- F. Ensure the SCPs within Organizations allow access to the S3 bucket.

Answer: ABF

NEW QUESTION 131

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company hosts its public website on Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB). The instances are in an EC2 Auto Scaling group across multiple Availability Zones. The website is under a DDoS attack by a specific IoT device brand that is visible in the user agent. A security engineer needs to mitigate the attack without impacting the availability of the public website.

What should the security engineer do to accomplish this?

- A. Configure a web ACL rule for IAM WAF to block requests with a string match condition for the user agent of the IoT device
- B. Associate the v/eb ACL with the ALB.
- C. Configure an Amazon CloudFront distribution to use the ALB as an origin
- D. Configure a web ACL rule for IAM WAF to block requests with a string match condition for the user agent of the IoT device
- E. Associate the web ACL with the ALB. Change the public DNS entry of the website to point to the CloudFront distribution.
- F. Configure an Amazon CloudFront distribution to use a new ALB as an origin
- G. Configure a web ACL rule for IAM WAF to block requests with a string match condition for the user agent of the IoT device
- H. Change the ALB security group to allow access from CloudFront IP address ranges only. Change the public DNS entry of the website to point to the CloudFront distribution.
- I. Activate IAM Shield Advanced to enable DDoS protection
- J. Apply an IAM WAF ACL to the ALB
- K. and configure a listener rule on the ALB to block IoT devices based on the user agent.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 135

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company is operating an open-source software platform that is internet-facing. The legacy software platform no longer receives security updates. The software platform operates using Amazon Route 53 weighted load balancing to send traffic to two Amazon EC2 instances that connect to an Amazon POS cluster. A recent report suggests this software platform is vulnerable to SQL injection attacks, with samples of attacks provided. The company's security engineer must secure this system against SQL injection attacks within 24 hours. The secure, engineer's solution involves the least amount of effort and maintain normal operations during implementation.

What should the security engineer do to meet these requirements?

- A. Create an Application Load Balancer with the existing EC2 instances as a target group Create an IAM WAF web ACL containing rules that protect the application from this attack
- B. then apply it to the ALB Test to ensure the vulnerability has been mitigated, then redirect the Route 53 records to point to the ALB Update security groups on the EC2 instances to prevent direct access from the internet
- C. Create an Amazon CloudFront distribution specifying one EC2 instance as an origin Create an IAM WAF web ACL containing rules that protect the application from this attack, then apply it to the distribution Test to ensure the vulnerability has been mitigated, then redirect the Route 53 records to point to CloudFront
- D. Obtain the latest source code for the platform and make the necessary updates Test the updated code to ensure that the vulnerability has been mitigated, then deploy the patched version of the platform to the EC2 instances
- E. Update the security group that is attached to the EC2 instances, removing access from the internet to the TCP port used by the SQL database Create an IAM WAF web ACL containing rules that protect the application from this attack, then apply it to the EC2 instances Test to ensure the vulnerability has been mitigated
- F. then restore the security group to the original setting

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 140

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's security information events management (SIEM) tool receives new IAM CloudTrail logs from an Amazon S3 bucket that is configured to send all object created event notification to an Amazon SNS topic An Amazon SQS queue is subscribed to this SNS topic. The company's SIEM tool then ports this SQS queue for new messages using an IAM role and fetches new log events from the S3 bucket based on the SQS messages.

After a recent security review that resulted in restricted permissions, the SIEM tool has stopped receiving new CloudTrail logs

Which of the following are possible causes of this issue? (Select THREE)

- A. The SQS queue does not allow the SQS SendMessage action from the SNS topic
- B. The SNS topic does not allow the SNS Publish action from Amazon S3
- C. The SNS topic is not delivering raw messages to the SQS queue
- D. The S3 bucket policy does not allow CloudTrail to perform the PutObject action
- E. The IAM role used by the SIEM tool does not have permission to subscribe to the SNS topic
- F. The IAM role used by the SIEM tool does not allow the SQS DeleteMessage action.

Answer: ADF

NEW QUESTION 145

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer has noticed that VPC Flow Logs are getting a lot REJECT traffic originating from a single Amazon EC2 instance in an Auto Scaling group. The security engineer is concerned that this EC2 instance may be compromised.

What immediate action should the security engineer take? What immediate action should the security engineer take?

- A. Remove the instance from the Auto Scaling group Close the security group ingress only from a single forensic IP address to perform an analysis.
- B. Remove the instance from the Auto Scaling group Change the network ACL rules to allow traffic only from a single forensic IP address to perform an analysis Add a rule to deny all other traffic.
- C. Remove the instance from the Auto Scaling group Enable Amazon GuardDuty in that IAM account Install the Amazon Inspector agent on the suspicious EC2 instance to perform a scan.
- D. Take a snapshot of the suspicious EC2 instance
- E. Create a new EC2 instance from the snapshot in a closed security group with ingress only from a single forensic IP address to perform an analysis

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 146

- (Exam Topic 1)

An application developer is using an IAM Lambda function that must use IAM KMS to perform encrypt and decrypt operations for API keys that are less than 2 KB Which key policy would allow the application to do this while granting least privilege?

- A.
- ```
{
 "Sid": "AllowUseOfTheKey",
 "Effect": "Allow",
 "Principal": {"AWS": "arn:aws:iam::444455556666:role/EncryptionApp"},
 "Action": [
 "kms:*"
],
 "Resource": "*"
}
```
- B.
- ```
{
  "Sid": "AllowUseOfTheKey",
  "Effect": "Allow",
  "Principal": {"AWS": "arn:aws:iam::444455556666:role/EncryptionApp"},
  "Action": [
    "kms:Encrypt",
    "kms:Decrypt"
  ],
  "Resource": "*"
}
```

```

C. {
  "Sid": "AllowUseOfTheKey",
  "Effect": "Allow",
  "Principal": {"AWS": "arn:aws:iam::444455556666:role/EncryptionApp"},
  "Action": [
    "kms:DescribeKey",
    "kms:GenerateDataKey*",
    "kms:Encrypt",
    "kms:ReEncrypt*",
    "kms:Decrypt"
  ]
}

D. {
  "Sid": "AllowUseOfTheKey",
  "Effect": "Allow",
  "Principal": {"AWS": "arn:aws:iam::444455556666:role/EncryptionApp"},
  "Action": [
    "kms:DescribeKey",
    "kms:GenerateDataKey*",
    "kms:Encrypt",
    "kms:ReEncrypt*",
    "kms:Disable*",
    "kms:Decrypt"
  ]
}

```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 150

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company plans to use custom AMIs to launch Amazon EC2 instances across multiple IAM accounts in a single Region to perform security monitoring and analytics tasks. The EC2 instances are launched in EC2 Auto Scaling groups. To increase the security of the solution, a Security Engineer will manage the lifecycle of the custom AMIs in a centralized account and will encrypt them with a centrally managed IAM KMS CMK. The Security Engineer configured the KMS key policy to allow cross-account access. However, the EC2 instances are still not being properly launched by the EC2 Auto Scaling groups. Which combination of configuration steps should the Security Engineer take to ensure the EC2 Auto Scaling groups have been granted the proper permissions to execute tasks?

- A. Create a customer-managed CMK in the centralized account
- B. Allow other applicable accounts to use that key for cryptographic operations by applying proper cross-account permissions in the key policy
- C. Create an IAM role in all applicable accounts and configure its access policy to allow the use of the centrally managed CMK for cryptographic operation
- D. Configure EC2 Auto Scaling groups within each applicable account to use the created IAM role to launch EC2 instances.
- E. Create a customer-managed CMK in the centralized account
- F. Allow other applicable accounts to use that key for cryptographic operations by applying proper cross-account permissions in the key policy
- G. Create an IAM role in all applicable accounts and configure its access policy with permissions to create grants for the centrally managed CMK
- H. Use this IAM role to create a grant for the centrally managed CMK with permissions to perform cryptographic operations and with the EC2 Auto Scaling service-linked role defined as the grantee principal.
- I. Create a customer-managed CMK or an IAM managed CMK in the centralized account
- J. Allow other applicable accounts to use that key for cryptographic operations by applying proper cross-account permissions in the key policy
- K. Use the CMK administrator to create a CMK grant that includes permissions to perform cryptographic operations that define EC2 Auto Scaling service-linked roles from all other accounts as the grantee principal.
- L. Create a customer-managed CMK or an IAM managed CMK in the centralized account
- M. Allow other applicable accounts to use that key for cryptographic operations by applying proper cross-account permissions in the key policy
- N. Modify the access policy for the EC2 Auto Scaling roles to perform cryptographic operations against the centrally managed CMK.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 155

- (Exam Topic 1)

A Security Engineer is setting up a new IAM account. The Engineer has been asked to continuously monitor the company's IAM account using automated compliance checks based on IAM best practices and Center for Internet Security (CIS) IAM Foundations Benchmarks. How can the Security Engineer accomplish this using IAM services?

- A. Enable IAM Config and set it to record all resources in all Regions and global resource
- B. Then enable IAM Security Hub and confirm that the CIS IAM Foundations compliance standard is enabled
- C. Enable Amazon Inspector and configure it to scan all Regions for the CIS IAM Foundations Benchmark
- D. Then enable IAM Security Hub and configure it to ingest the Amazon Inspector findings
- E. Enable Amazon Inspector and configure it to scan all Regions for the CIS IAM Foundations Benchmark
- F. Then enable IAM Shield in all Regions to protect the account from DDoS attacks.
- G. Enable IAM Config and set it to record all resources in all Regions and global resources. Then enable Amazon Inspector and configure it to enforce CIS IAM Foundations Benchmarks using IAM Config rules.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/securityhub/latest/userguide/securityhub-standards-cis-config-resources.html>

NEW QUESTION 158

- (Exam Topic 1)

A financial institution has the following security requirements:

- > Cloud-based users must be contained in a separate authentication domain.
- > Cloud-based users cannot access on-premises systems.

As part of standing up a cloud environment, the financial institution is creating a number of Amazon managed databases and Amazon EC2 instances. An Active Directory service exists on-premises that has all the administrator accounts, and these must be able to access the databases and instances.

How would the organization manage its resources in the MOST secure manner? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure an IAM Managed Microsoft AD to manage the cloud resources.
- B. Configure an additional on-premises Active Directory service to manage the cloud resources.
- C. Establish a one-way trust relationship from the existing Active Directory to the new Active Directory service.
- D. Establish a one-way trust relationship from the new Active Directory to the existing Active Directory service.
- E. Establish a two-way trust between the new and existing Active Directory services.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

Deploy a new forest/domain on IAM with one-way trust. If you are planning on leveraging credentials from an on-premises AD on IAM member servers, you must establish at least a one-way trust to the Active Directory running on IAM. In this model, the IAM domain becomes the resource domain where computer objects are located and on-premises domain becomes the account domain. Ref: <https://d1.IAMstatic.com/whitepapers/adds-on-IAM.pdf>
https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/directoryservice/latest/admin-guide/directory_microsoft_ad.html

NEW QUESTION 161

- (Exam Topic 1)

A company's Security Engineer has been asked to monitor and report all IAM account root user activities. Which of the following would enable the Security Engineer to monitor and report all root user activities?

(Select TWO)

- A. Configuring IAM Organizations to monitor root user API calls on the paying account
- B. Creating an Amazon CloudWatch Events rule that will trigger when any API call from the root user is reported
- C. Configuring Amazon Inspector to scan the IAM account for any root user activity
- D. Configuring IAM Trusted Advisor to send an email to the Security team when the root user logs in to the console
- E. Using Amazon SNS to notify the target group

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 166

- (Exam Topic 1)

A security engineer is auditing a production system and discovers several additional IAM roles that are not required and were not previously documented during the last audit 90 days ago. The engineer is trying to find out who created these IAM roles and when they were created. The solution must have the lowest operational overhead.

Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Import IAM CloudTrail logs from Amazon S3 into an Amazon Elasticsearch Service cluster, and search through the combined logs for CreateRole events.
- B. Create a table in Amazon Athena for IAM CloudTrail event
- C. Query the table in Amazon Athena for CreateRole events.
- D. Use IAM Config to look up the configuration timeline for the additional IAM roles and view the linked IAM CloudTrail event.
- E. Download the credentials report from the IAM console to view the details for each IAM entity, including the creation dates.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 168

- (Exam Topic 2)

The Security Engineer created a new IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS) key with the following key policy:

```
{
  "Effect": "Allow",
  "Principal": {"AWS": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:root"},
  "Action": "kms:*";
  "Resource": "*"
}
```

What are the effects of the key policy? (Choose two.)

- A. The policy allows access for the IAM account 111122223333 to manage key access through IAM policies.
- B. The policy allows all IAM users in account 111122223333 to have full access to the KMS key.
- C. The policy allows the root user in account 111122223333 to have full access to the KMS key.
- D. The policy allows the KMS service-linked role in account 111122223333 to have full access to the KMS key.
- E. The policy allows all IAM roles in account 111122223333 to have full access to the KMS key.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Giving the IAM account full access to the CMK does this; it enables you to use IAM policies to give IAM users and roles in the account access to the CMK. It does not by itself give any IAM users or roles access to the CMK, but it enables you to use IAM policies to do so.

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/kms/latest/developerguide/key-policies.html#key-policy-default-allow-root-enabl>

NEW QUESTION 171

- (Exam Topic 2)

The Security Engineer implemented a new vault lock policy for 10TB of data and called initiate-vault-lock 12 hours ago. The Audit team identified a typo that is

allowing incorrect access to the vault.

What is the MOST cost-effective way to correct this?

- A. Call the abort-vault-lock operation, fix the typo, and call the initiate-vault-lock again.
- B. Copy the vault data to Amazon S3, delete the vault, and create a new vault with the data.
- C. Update the policy, keeping the vault lock in place.
- D. Update the policy and call initiate-vault-lock again to apply the new policy.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Initiate the lock by attaching a vault lock policy to your vault, which sets the lock to an in-progress state and returns a lock ID. While in the in-progress state, you have 24 hours to validate your vault lock policy before the lock ID expires. Use the lock ID to complete the lock process. If the vault lock policy doesn't work as expected, you can abort the lock and restart from the beginning. For information on how to use the S3 Glacier API to lock a vault, see Locking a Vault by Using the Amazon S3 Glacier API. <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/amazonglacier/latest/dev/vault-lock-policy.html>

NEW QUESTION 172

- (Exam Topic 2)

A company plans to migrate a sensitive dataset to Amazon S3. A Security Engineer must ensure that the data is encrypted at rest. The encryption solution must enable the company to generate its own keys without needing to manage key storage or the encryption process. What should the Security Engineer use to accomplish this?

- A. Server-side encryption with Amazon S3-managed keys (SSE-S3)
- B. Server-side encryption with IAM KMS-managed keys (SSE-KMS)
- C. Server-side encryption with customer-provided keys (SSE-C)
- D. Client-side encryption with an IAM KMS-managed CMK

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference <https://IAM.amazon.com/s3/faqs/>

NEW QUESTION 173

- (Exam Topic 2)

Your company has an EC2 Instance that is hosted in an IAM VPC. There is a requirement to ensure that logs files from the EC2 Instance are stored accordingly. The access should also be limited for the destination of the log files. How can this be accomplished? Choose 2 answers from the options given below. Each answer forms part of the solution Please select:

- A. Stream the log files to a separate Cloudtrail trail
- B. Stream the log files to a separate Cloudwatch Log group
- C. Create an IAM policy that gives the desired level of access to the Cloudtrail trail
- D. Create an IAM policy that gives the desired level of access to the Cloudwatch Log group

Answer: BD

Explanation:

You can create a Log group and send all logs from the EC2 Instance to that group. You can then limit the access to the Log groups via an IAM policy. Option A is invalid because Cloudtrail is used to record API activity and not for storing log files Option C is invalid because Cloudtrail is the wrong service to be used for this requirement

For more information on Log Groups and Log Streams, please visit the following URL:

* <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/logs/Workin>

For more information on Access to Cloudwatch logs, please visit the following URL:

* <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/logs/auth-and-access-control-cwl.html>

The correct answers are: Stream the log files to a separate Cloudwatch Log group. Create an IAM policy that gives the desired level of access to the Cloudwatch Log group

Submit your Feedback/Queries to our Experts

NEW QUESTION 178

- (Exam Topic 2)

An application running on EC2 instances must use a username and password to access a database. The developer has stored those secrets in the SSM Parameter Store with type SecureString using the default KMS CMK. Which combination of configuration steps will allow the application to access the secrets via the API? Select 2 answers from the options below

Please select:

- A. Add the EC2 instance role as a trusted service to the SSM service role.
- B. Add permission to use the KMS key to decrypt to the SSM service role.
- C. Add permission to read the SSM parameter to the EC2 instance role
- D. .
- E. Add permission to use the KMS key to decrypt to the EC2 instance role
- F. Add the SSM service role as a trusted service to the EC2 instance role.

Answer: CD

Explanation:

The below example policy from the IAM Documentation is required to be given to the EC2 Instance in order to read a secure string from IAM KMS. Permissions need to be given to the Get Parameter API and the KMS API call to decrypt the secret.

C:\Users\wk\Desktop\mudassar\Untitled.jpg

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "ssm:GetParameter*"
      ],
      "Resource": "arn:aws:ssm:us-west-2:111122223333:parameter/ReadableParameters/*"
    },
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "kms:Decrypt"
      ],
      "Resource": "arn:aws:kms:us-west-2:111122223333:key/1234abcd-12ab-34cd-56ef-1234567890ab"
    }
  ]
}
```

Option A is invalid because roles can be attached to EC2 and not EC2 roles to SSM Option B is invalid because the KMS key does not need to decrypt the SSM service role.

Option E is invalid because this configuration is valid For more information on the parameter store, please visit the below URL:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/kms/latest/developerguide/services-parameter-store.html>

The correct answers are: Add permission to read the SSM parameter to the EC2 instance role., Add permission to use the KMS key to decrypt to the EC2 instance role

Submit your Feedback/Queries to our Experts

NEW QUESTION 179

- (Exam Topic 2)

During a recent internal investigation, it was discovered that all API logging was disabled in a production account, and the root user had created new API keys that appear to have been used several times.

What could have been done to detect and automatically remediate the incident?

- A. Using Amazon Inspector, review all of the API calls and configure the inspector agent to leverage SNS topics to notify security of the change to IAM CloudTrail, and revoke the new API keys for the root user.
- B. Using IAM Config, create a config rule that detects when IAM CloudTrail is disabled, as well as any calls to the root user create-api-ke
- C. Then use a Lambda function to re-enable CloudTrail logs and deactivate the root API keys.
- D. Using Amazon CloudWatch, create a CloudWatch event that detects IAM CloudTrail deactivation and a separate Amazon Trusted Advisor check to automatically detect the creation of root API key
- E. Then use a Lambda function to enable IAM CloudTrail and deactivate the root API keys.
- F. Using Amazon CloudTrail, create a new CloudTrail event that detects the deactivation of CloudTrail logs, and a separate CloudTrail event that detects the creation of root API key
- G. Then use a Lambda function to enable CloudTrail and deactivate the root API keys.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/config/latest/developerguide/cloudtrail-enabled.html> <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/config/latest/developerguide/iam-root-access-key-check.html>

NEW QUESTION 182

- (Exam Topic 2)

During a recent security audit, it was discovered that multiple teams in a large organization have placed restricted data in multiple Amazon S3 buckets, and the data may have been exposed. The auditor has requested that the organization identify all possible objects that contain personally identifiable information (PII) and then determine whether this information has been accessed.

What solution will allow the Security team to complete this request?

- A. Using Amazon Athena, query the impacted S3 buckets by using the PII query identifier functio
- B. Then, create a new Amazon CloudWatch metric for Amazon S3 object access to alert when the objects are accessed.
- C. Enable Amazon Macie on the S3 buckets that were impacted, then perform data classificatio
- D. For identified objects that contain PII, use the research function for auditing IAM CloudTrail logs and S3 bucket logs for GET operations.
- E. Enable Amazon GuardDuty and enable the PII rule set on the S3 buckets that were impacted, then perform data classificatio
- F. Using the PII findings report from GuardDuty, query the S3 bucket logs by using Athena for GET operations.
- G. Enable Amazon Inspector on the S3 buckets that were impacted, then perform data classificatio
- H. For identified objects that contain PII, query the S3 bucket logs by using Athena for GET operations.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 184

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an instance setup in a test environment in IAM. You installed the required application and the promoted the server to a production environment. Your IT

Security team has advised that there maybe traffic flowing in from an unknown IP address to port 22. How can this be mitigated immediately?
Please select:

- A. Shutdown the instance
- B. Remove the rule for incoming traffic on port 22 for the Security Group
- C. Change the AMI for the instance
- D. Change the Instance type for the instance

Answer: B

Explanation:

In the test environment the security groups might have been opened to all IP addresses for testing purpose. Always to ensure to remove this rule once all testing is completed.

Option A, C and D are all invalid because this would affect the application running on the server. The easiest way is just to remove the rule for access on port 22. For more information on authorizing access to an instance, please visit the below URL: <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAMEC2/latest/UserGuide/authorizing-access-to-an-instance.html>

The correct answer is: Remove the rule for incoming traffic on port 22 for the Security Group Submit your Feedback/Queries to our Experts

NEW QUESTION 189

- (Exam Topic 2)

Example.com hosts its internal document repository on Amazon EC2 instances. The application runs on EC2 instances and previously stored the documents on encrypted Amazon EBS volumes. To optimize the application for scale, example.com has moved the files to Amazon S3. The security team has mandated that all the files are securely deleted from the EBS volume, and it must certify that the data is unreadable before releasing the underlying disks.

Which of the following methods will ensure that the data is unreadable by anyone else?

- A. Change the volume encryption on the EBS volume to use a different encryption mechanism
- B. Then, release the EBS volumes back to IAM.
- C. Release the volumes back to IA
- D. IAM immediately wipes the disk after it is deprovisioned.
- E. Delete the encryption key used to encrypt the EBS volume
- F. Then, release the EBS volumes back to IAM.
- G. Delete the data by using the operating system delete command
- H. Run Quick Format on the drive and then release the EBS volumes back to IAM.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Amazon EBS volumes are presented to you as raw unformatted block devices that have been wiped prior to being made available for use. Wiping occurs immediately before reuse so that you can be assured that the wipe process completed. If you have procedures requiring that all data be wiped via a specific method, such as those detailed in NIST 800-88 ("Guidelines for Media Sanitization"), you have the ability to do so on Amazon EBS. You should conduct a specialized wipe procedure prior to deleting the volume for compliance with your established requirements.

<https://d0.IAMstatic.com/whitepapers/IAM-security-whitepaper.pdf>

NEW QUESTION 194

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization has three applications running on IAM, each accessing the same data on Amazon S3. The data on Amazon S3 is server-side encrypted by using an IAM KMS Customer Master Key (CMK).

What is the recommended method to ensure that each application has its own programmatic access control permissions on the KMS CMK?

- A. Change the key policy permissions associated with the KMS CMK for each application when it must access the data in Amazon S3.
- B. Have each application assume an IAM role that provides permissions to use the IAM Certificate Manager CMK.
- C. Have each application use a grant on the KMS CMK to add or remove specific access controls on the KMS CMK.
- D. Have each application use an IAM policy in a user context to have specific access permissions on the KMS CMK.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 198

- (Exam Topic 2)

The Security Engineer for a mobile game has to implement a method to authenticate users so that they can save their progress. Because most of the users are part of the same OpenID-Connect compatible social media website, the Security Engineer would like to use that as the identity provider.

Which solution is the SIMPLEST way to allow the authentication of users using their social media identities?

- A. Amazon Cognito
- B. AssumeRoleWithWebIdentity API
- C. Amazon Cloud Directory
- D. Active Directory (AD) Connector

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 200

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization operates a web application that serves users globally. The application runs on Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer. There is an Amazon CloudFront distribution in front of the load balancer, and the organization uses IAM WAF. The application is currently experiencing a volumetric attack whereby the attacker is exploiting a bug in a popular mobile game.

The application is being flooded with HTTP requests from all over the world with the User-Agent set to the following string: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; ExampleCorp; ExampleGame/1.22; Mobile/1.0)

What mitigation can be applied to block attacks resulting from this bug while continuing to service legitimate requests?

- A. Create a rule in IAM WAF rules with conditions that block requests based on the presence of ExampleGame/1.22 in the User-Agent header

- B. Create a geographic restriction on the CloudFront distribution to prevent access to the application from most geographic regions
- C. Create a rate-based rule in IAM WAF to limit the total number of requests that the web application services.
- D. Create an IP-based blacklist in IAM WAF to block the IP addresses that are originating from requests that contain ExampleGame/1.22 in the User-Agent header.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Since all the attack has http header- User-Agent set to string: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; ExampleCorp;) it would be much more easier to block these attack by simply denying traffic with the header match . HTH ExampleGame/1.22; Mobile/1.0)

NEW QUESTION 203

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization wants to deploy a three-tier web application whereby the application servers run on Amazon EC2 instances. These EC2 instances need access to credentials that they will use to authenticate their SQL connections to an Amazon RDS DB instance. Also, IAM Lambda functions must issue queries to the RDS database by using the same database credentials.

The credentials must be stored so that the EC2 instances and the Lambda functions can access them. No other access is allowed. The access logs must record when the credentials were accessed and by whom.

What should the Security Engineer do to meet these requirements?

- A. Store the database credentials in IAM Key Management Service (IAM KMS). Create an IAM role with access to IAM KMS by using the EC2 and Lambda service principals in the role's trust polic
- B. Add the role to an EC2 instance profil
- C. Attach the instance profile to the EC2 instance
- D. Set up Lambda to use the new role for execution.
- E. Store the database credentials in IAM KM
- F. Create an IAM role with access to KMS by using the EC2 and Lambda service principals in the role's trust polic
- G. Add the role to an EC2 instance profil
- H. Attach the instance profile to the EC2 instances and the Lambda function.
- I. Store the database credentials in IAM Secrets Manage
- J. Create an IAM role with access to Secrets Manager by using the EC2 and Lambda service principals in the role's trust polic
- K. Add the role to an EC2 instance profil
- L. Attach the instance profile to the EC2 instances and the Lambda function.
- M. Store the database credentials in IAM Secrets Manage
- N. Create an IAM role with access to Secrets Manager by using the EC2 and Lambda service principals in the role's trust polic
- O. Add the role to an EC2 instance profil
- P. Attach the instance profile to the EC2 instance
- Q. Set up Lambda to use the new role for execution.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 207

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following is the most efficient way to automate the encryption of IAM CloudTrail logs using a Customer Master Key (CMK) in IAM KMS?

- A. Use the KMS direct encrypt function on the log data every time a CloudTrail log is generated.
- B. Use the default Amazon S3 server-side encryption with S3-managed keys to encrypt and decrypt the CloudTrail logs.
- C. Configure CloudTrail to use server-side encryption using KMS-managed keys to encrypt and decrypt CloudTrail logs.
- D. Use encrypted API endpoints so that all IAM API calls generate encrypted CloudTrail log entries using the TLS certificate from the encrypted API call.

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/dev/UsingKMSEncryption.html>

NEW QUESTION 211

- (Exam Topic 2)

A Security Engineer is working with a Product team building a web application on IAM. The application uses Amazon S3 to host the static content, Amazon API Gateway to provide RESTful services; and Amazon DynamoDB as the backend data store. The users already exist in a directory that is exposed through a SAML identity provider.

Which combination of the following actions should the Engineer take to enable users to be authenticated into the web application and call APIs? (Choose three.)

- A. Create a custom authorization service using IAM Lambda.
- B. Configure a SAML identity provider in Amazon Cognito to map attributes to the Amazon Cognito user pool attributes.
- C. Configure the SAML identity provider to add the Amazon Cognito user pool as a relying party.
- D. Configure an Amazon Cognito identity pool to integrate with social login providers.
- E. Update DynamoDB to store the user email addresses and passwords.
- F. Update API Gateway to use a COGNITO_USER_POOLS authorizer.

Answer: BDE

NEW QUESTION 212

- (Exam Topic 2)

For compliance reasons, an organization limits the use of resources to three specific IAM regions. It wants to be alerted when any resources are launched in unapproved regions.

Which of the following approaches will provide alerts on any resources launched in an unapproved region?

- A. Develop an alerting mechanism based on processing IAM CloudTrail logs.
- B. Monitor Amazon S3 Event Notifications for objects stored in buckets in unapproved regions.

- C. Analyze Amazon CloudWatch Logs for activities in unapproved regions.
- D. Use IAM Trusted Advisor to alert on all resources being created.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/45449053/cloudwatch-alert-on-any-instance-creation>

NEW QUESTION 216

- (Exam Topic 2)

A Security Engineer must implement mutually authenticated TLS connections between containers that communicate inside a VPC.

Which solution would be MOST secure and easy to maintain?

- A. Use IAM Certificate Manager to generate certificates from a public certificate authority and deploy them to all the containers.
- B. Create a self-signed certificate in one container and use IAM Secrets Manager to distribute the certificate to the other containers to establish trust.
- C. Use IAM Certificate Manager Private Certificate Authority (ACM PCA) to create a subordinate certificate authority, then create the private keys in the containers and sign them using the ACM PCA API.
- D. Use IAM Certificate Manager Private Certificate Authority (ACM PCA) to create a subordinate certificate authority, then use IAM Certificate Manager to generate the private certificates and deploy them to all the containers.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 221

- (Exam Topic 2)

A company hosts a popular web application that connects to an Amazon RDS MySQL DB instance running in a private VPC subnet that was created with default ACL settings. The IT Security department has a suspicion that a DDos attack is coming from a suspecting IP. How can you protect the subnets from this attack? Please select:

- A. Change the Inbound Security Groups to deny access from the suspecting IP
- B. Change the Outbound Security Groups to deny access from the suspecting IP
- C. Change the Inbound NACL to deny access from the suspecting IP
- D. Change the Outbound NACL to deny access from the suspecting IP

Answer: C

Explanation:

Option A and B are invalid because by default the Security Groups already block traffic. You can use NACL's as an additional security layer for the subnet to deny traffic.

Option D is invalid since just changing the Inbound Rules is sufficient The IAM Documentation mentions the following

A network access control list (ACL) is an optional layer of security for your VPC that acts as a firewall for

controlling traffic in and out of one or more subnets. You might set up network ACLs with rules similar to your security groups in order to add an additional layer of security to your VPC.

The correct answer is: Change the Inbound NACL to deny access from the suspecting IP

NEW QUESTION 222

- (Exam Topic 2)

A Software Engineer is trying to figure out why network connectivity to an Amazon EC2 instance does not appear to be working correctly. Its security group allows inbound HTTP traffic from 0.0.0.0/0, and the outbound rules have not been modified from the default. A custom network ACL associated with its subnet allows inbound HTTP traffic from 0.0.0.0/0 and has no outbound rules.

What would resolve the connectivity issue?

- A. The outbound rules on the security group do not allow the response to be sent to the client on the ephemeral port range.
- B. The outbound rules on the security group do not allow the response to be sent to the client on the HTTP port.
- C. An outbound rule must be added to the network ACL to allow the response to be sent to the client on the ephemeral port range.
- D. An outbound rule must be added to the network ACL to allow the response to be sent to the client on the HTTP port.

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/vpc/latest/userguide/vpc-network-acls.html>

NEW QUESTION 223

- (Exam Topic 2)

A company plans to move most of its IT infrastructure to IAM. They want to leverage their existing on-premises Active Directory as an identity provider for IAM.

Which combination of steps should a Security Engineer take to federate the company's on-premises Active Directory with IAM? (Choose two.)

- A. Create IAM roles with permissions corresponding to each Active Directory group.
- B. Create IAM groups with permissions corresponding to each Active Directory group.
- C. Configure Amazon Cloud Directory to support a SAML provider.
- D. Configure Active Directory to add relying party trust between Active Directory and IAM.
- E. Configure Amazon Cognito to add relying party trust between Active Directory and IAM.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

<https://IAM.amazon.com/blogs/security/how-to-establish-federated-access-to-your-IAM-resources-by-using-acti>

NEW QUESTION 224

- (Exam Topic 2)

A Security Engineer is defining the logging solution for a newly developed product. Systems Administrators and Developers need to have appropriate access to event log files in IAM CloudTrail to support and troubleshoot the product.

Which combination of controls should be used to protect against tampering with and unauthorized access to log files? (Choose two.)

- A. Ensure that the log file integrity validation mechanism is enabled.
- B. Ensure that all log files are written to at least two separate Amazon S3 buckets in the same account.
- C. Ensure that Systems Administrators and Developers can edit log files, but prevent any other access.
- D. Ensure that Systems Administrators and Developers with job-related need-to-know requirements only are capable of viewing—but not modifying—the log files.
- E. Ensure that all log files are stored on Amazon EC2 instances that allow SSH access from the internal corporate network only.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 225

- (Exam Topic 2)

What are the MOST secure ways to protect the IAM account root user of a recently opened IAM account? (Choose two.)

- A. Use the IAM account root user access keys instead of the IAM Management Console
- B. Enable multi-factor authentication for the IAM IAM users with the AdministratorAccess managed policy attached to them
- C. Enable multi-factor authentication for the IAM account root user
- D. Use IAM KMS to encrypt all IAM account root user and IAM IAM access keys and set automatic rotation to 30 days
- E. Do not create access keys for the IAM account root user; instead, create IAM IAM users

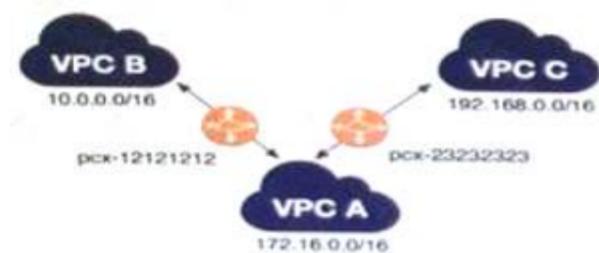
Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 229

- (Exam Topic 2)

A company has multiple VPCs in their account that are peered, as shown in the diagram. A Security Engineer wants to perform penetration tests of the Amazon EC2 instances in all three VPCs.

How can this be accomplished? (Choose two.)



- A. Deploy a pre-authorized scanning engine from the IAM Marketplace into VPC B, and use it to scan instances in all three VPC
- B. Do not complete the penetration test request form.
- C. Deploy a pre-authorized scanning engine from the Marketplace into each VPC, and scan instances in each VPC from the scanning engine in that VP
- D. Do not complete the penetration test request form.
- E. Create a VPN connection from the data center to VPC
- F. Use an on-premises scanning engine to scan the instances in all three VPC
- G. Complete the penetration test request form for all three VPCs.
- H. Create a VPN connection from the data center to each of the three VPC
- I. Use an on-premises scanning engine to scan the instances in each VP
- J. Do not complete the penetration test request form.
- K. Create a VPN connection from the data center to each of the three VPC
- L. Use an on-premises scanning engine to scan the instances in each VP
- M. Complete the penetration test request form for all three VPCs.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

<https://IAM.amazon.com/security/penetration-testing/>

NEW QUESTION 232

- (Exam Topic 2)

An IAM user with full EC2 permissions could not start an Amazon EC2 instance after it was stopped for a maintenance task. Upon starting the instance, the instance state would change to "Pending", but after a few seconds, it would switch back to "Stopped".

An inspection revealed that the instance has attached Amazon EBS volumes that were encrypted by using a Customer Master Key (CMK). When these encrypted volumes were detached, the IAM user was able to start the EC2 instances.

The IAM user policy is as follows:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        <Action>
      ],
      "Resource": [
        "arn:aws:kms:us-east-1:012345678910:key/ebs-encryption-key"
      ]
      <CONDITION>
    }
  ]
}
```

What additional items need to be added to the IAM user policy? (Choose two.)

- A. kms:GenerateDataKey
- B. kms:Decrypt
- C. kms:CreateGrant
- D. "Condition": {"Bool": {"kms:ViaService": "ec2.us-west-2.amazonIAM.com"}}
- E. "Condition": {"Bool": {"kms:GrantIsForIAMResource": true}}

Answer: CE

Explanation:

The EBS which is IAM resource service is encrypted with CMK and to allow EC2 to decrypt, the IAM user should create a grant (action) and a boolean condition for the IAM resource. This link explains how IAM keys works. <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/kms/latest/developerguide/key-policies.html>

NEW QUESTION 234

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following are valid event sources that are associated with web access control lists that trigger IAM WAF rules? (Choose two.)

- A. Amazon S3 static web hosting
- B. Amazon CloudFront distribution
- C. Application Load Balancer
- D. Amazon Route 53
- E. VPC Flow Logs

Answer: BC

Explanation:

A web access control list (web ACL) gives you fine-grained control over the web requests that your Amazon API Gateway API, Amazon CloudFront distribution or Application Load Balancer responds to.

NEW QUESTION 238

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which option for the use of the IAM Key Management Service (KMS) supports key management best practices that focus on minimizing the potential scope of data exposed by a possible future key compromise?

- A. Use KMS automatic key rotation to replace the master key, and use this new master key for future encryption operations without re-encrypting previously encrypted data.
- B. Generate a new Customer Master Key (CMK), re-encrypt all existing data with the new CMK, and use it for all future encryption operations.
- C. Change the CMK alias every 90 days, and update key-calling applications with the new key alias.
- D. Change the CMK permissions to ensure that individuals who can provision keys are not the same individuals who can use the keys.

Answer: A

Explanation:

"automatic key rotation has no effect on the data that the CMK protects. It does not rotate the data keys that the CMK generated or re-encrypt any data protected by the CMK, and it will not mitigate the effect of a compromised data key. You might decide to create a new CMK and use it in place of the original CMK. This has the same effect as rotating the key material in an existing CMK, so it's often thought of as manually rotating the key."

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/kms/latest/developerguide/rotate-keys.html>

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/kms/latest/developerguide/rotate-keys.html#rotate-keys-manually> for IAM standards

NEW QUESTION 239

- (Exam Topic 2)

A Security Engineer has been asked to create an automated process to disable IAM user access keys that are more than three months old.

Which of the following options should the Security Engineer use?

- A. In the IAM Console, choose the IAM service and select "Users". Review the "Access Key Age" column.
- B. Define an IAM policy that denies access if the key age is more than three months and apply to all users.
- C. Write a script that uses the GenerateCredentialReport, GetCredentialReport, and UpdateAccessKey APIs.
- D. Create an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to detect aged access keys and use an IAM Lambda function to disable the keys older than 90 days.

Answer: C

Explanation:

https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAM/latest/APIReference/API_UpdateAccessKey.html
https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAM/latest/APIReference/API_GenerateCredentialReport.html
https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAM/latest/APIReference/API_GetCredentialReport.html

NEW QUESTION 242

- (Exam Topic 2)

A company has contracted with a third party to audit several IAM accounts. To enable the audit, cross-account IAM roles have been created in each account targeted for audit. The Auditor is having trouble accessing some of the accounts. Which of the following may be causing this problem? (Choose three.)

- A. The external ID used by the Auditor is missing or incorrect.
- B. The Auditor is using the incorrect password.
- C. The Auditor has not been granted sts:AssumeRole for the role in the destination account.
- D. The Amazon EC2 role used by the Auditor must be set to the destination account role.
- E. The secret key used by the Auditor is missing or incorrect.
- F. The role ARN used by the Auditor is missing or incorrect.

Answer: ACF

Explanation:

Using IAM to grant access to a Third-Party Account 1) Create a role to provide access to the require resources 1.1) Create a role policy that specifies the IAM Account ID to be accessed, "sts:AssumeRole" as action, and "sts:ExternalID" as condition 1.2) Create a role using the role policy just created 1.3) Assign a resource policy to the role. This will provide permission to access resource ARNs to the auditor 2) Repeat steps 1 and 2 on all IAM accounts 3) The auditor connects to the IAM account IAM Security Token Service (STS). The auditor must provide its ExternalID from step 1.2, the ARN of the role he is trying to assume from step 1.3, sts:ExternalID 4) STS provide the auditor with temporary credentials that provides the role access from step 1

https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/id_roles_create_for-user_externalid.html
<https://IAM.amazon.com/blogs/security/how-to-audit-cross-account-roles-using-IAM-cloudtrail-and-amazon-clo>

NEW QUESTION 246

- (Exam Topic 2)

A Software Engineer wrote a customized reporting service that will run on a fleet of Amazon EC2 instances. The company security policy states that application logs for the reporting service must be centrally collected. What is the MOST efficient way to meet these requirements?

- A. Write an IAM Lambda function that logs into the EC2 instance to pull the application logs from the EC2 instance and persists them into an Amazon S3 bucket.
- B. Enable IAM CloudTrail logging for the IAM account, create a new Amazon S3 bucket, and then configure Amazon CloudWatch Logs to receive the application logs from CloudTrail.
- C. Create a simple cron job on the EC2 instances that synchronizes the application logs to an Amazon S3 bucket by using rsync.
- D. Install the Amazon CloudWatch Logs Agent on the EC2 instances, and configure it to send the application logs to CloudWatch Logs.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://IAM.amazon.com/blogs/IAM/cloudwatch-log-service/>

NEW QUESTION 249

- (Exam Topic 2)

A Security Administrator is performing a log analysis as a result of a suspected IAM account compromise. The Administrator wants to analyze suspicious IAM CloudTrail log files but is overwhelmed by the volume of audit logs being generated. What approach enables the Administrator to search through the logs MOST efficiently?

- A. Implement a "write-only" CloudTrail event filter to detect any modifications to the IAM account resources.
- B. Configure Amazon Macie to classify and discover sensitive data in the Amazon S3 bucket that contains the CloudTrail audit logs.
- C. Configure Amazon Athena to read from the CloudTrail S3 bucket and query the logs to examine account activities.
- D. Enable Amazon S3 event notifications to trigger an IAM Lambda function that sends an email alarm when there are new CloudTrail API entries.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 250

- (Exam Topic 2)

An application has been written that publishes custom metrics to Amazon CloudWatch. Recently, IAM changes have been made on the account and the metrics are no longer being reported. Which of the following is the LEAST permissive solution that will allow the metrics to be delivered?

- A. Add a statement to the IAM policy used by the application to allow logs:putLogEvents and logs:createLogStream
- B. Modify the IAM role used by the application by adding the CloudWatchFullAccess managed policy.
- C. Add a statement to the IAM policy used by the application to allow cloudwatch:putMetricData.
- D. Add a trust relationship to the IAM role used by the application for cloudwatch.amazonaws.com.

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/monitoring/permissions-reference-cw.html>

NEW QUESTION 255

- (Exam Topic 2)

A Lambda function reads metadata from an S3 object and stores the metadata in a DynamoDB table. The function is triggered whenever an object is stored within

the S3 bucket.

How should the Lambda function be given access to the DynamoDB table? Please select:

- A. Create a VPC endpoint for DynamoDB within a VP
- B. Configure the Lambda function to access resources in the VPC.
- C. Create a resource policy that grants the Lambda function permissions to write to the DynamoDB table. Attach the poll to the DynamoDB table.
- D. Create an IAM user with permissions to write to the DynamoDB tabl
- E. Store an access key for that user in the Lambda environment variables.
- F. Create an IAM service role with permissions to write to the DynamoDB tabl
- G. Associate that role with the Lambda function.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The ideal way is to create an IAM role which has the required permissions and then associate it with the Lambda function

The IAM Documentation additionally mentions the following

Each Lambda function has an IAM role (execution role) associated with it. You specify the IAM role when you create your Lambda function. Permissions you grant to this role determine what IAM Lambda can do when it assumes the role. There are two types of permissions that you grant to the IAM role:

If your Lambda function code accesses other IAM resources, such as to read an object from an S3 bucket or write logs to CloudWatch Logs, you need to grant permissions for relevant Amazon S3 and CloudWatch actions to the role.

If the event source is stream-based (Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and DynamoDB streams), IAM Lambda polls these streams on your behalf. IAM Lambda needs permissions to poll the stream and read new records on the stream so you need to grant the relevant permissions to this role.

Option A is invalid because the VPC endpoint allows access instances in a private subnet to access DynamoDB

Option B is invalid because resources policies are present for resources such as S3 and KMS, but not IAM Lambda

Option C is invalid because IAM Roles should be used and not IAM Users

For more information on the Lambda permission model, please visit the below URL: <https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/lambda/latest/dg/intro-permission-model.html>

The correct answer is: Create an IAM service role with permissions to write to the DynamoDB table. Associate that role with the Lambda function.

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NEW QUESTION 259

- (Exam Topic 2)

A company uses IAM Organization to manage 50 IAM accounts. The finance staff members log in as IAM IAM users in the FinanceDept IAM account. The staff members need to read the consolidated billing information in the MasterPayer IAM account. They should not be able to view any other resources in the MasterPayer IAM account. IAM access to billing has been enabled in the MasterPayer account.

Which of the following approaches grants the finance staff the permissions they require without granting any unnecessary permissions?

- A. Create an IAM group for the finance users in the FinanceDept account, then attach the IAM managed ReadOnlyAccess IAM policy to the group.
- B. Create an IAM group for the finance users in the MasterPayer account, then attach the IAM managed ReadOnlyAccess IAM policy to the group.
- C. Create an IAM IAM role in the FinanceDept account with the ViewBilling permission, then grant the finance users in the MasterPayer account the permission to assume that role.
- D. Create an IAM IAM role in the MasterPayer account with the ViewBilling permission, then grant the finance users in the FinanceDept account the permission to assume that role.

Answer: D

Explanation:

IAM Region that You Request a Certificate In (for IAM Certificate Manager) If you want to require HTTPS between viewers and CloudFront, you must change the IAM region to US East (N. Virginia) in the IAM Certificate Manager console before you request or import a certificate. If you want to require HTTPS between CloudFront and your origin, and you're using an ELB load balancer as your origin, you can request or import a certificate in any region.

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonCloudFront/latest/DeveloperGuide/cnames-and-https-requirements.html>

NEW QUESTION 262

- (Exam Topic 2)

An Amazon EC2 instance is denied access to a newly created IAM KMS CMK used for decrypt actions. The environment has the following configuration:

- > The instance is allowed the kms:Decrypt action in its IAM role for all resources
- > The IAM KMS CMK status is set to enabled
- > The instance can communicate with the KMS API using a configured VPC endpoint What is causing the issue?

- A. The kms:GenerateDataKey permission is missing from the EC2 instance's IAM role
- B. The ARN tag on the CMK contains the EC2 instance's ID instead of the instance's ARN
- C. The kms:Encrypt permission is missing from the EC2 IAM role
- D. The KMS CMK key policy that enables IAM user permissions is missing

Answer: D

Explanation:

In a key policy, you use "*" for the resource, which means "this CMK." A key policy applies only to the CMK it is attached to

NEW QUESTION 266

- (Exam Topic 2)

An IAM account includes two S3 buckets: bucket1 and bucket2. The bucket2 does not have a policy defined, but bucket1 has the following bucket policy:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Principal": {"AWS": "arn:aws:iam: : 123456789012: user/alice"},
      "Action": "s3:*",
      "Resource": ["arn:aws:s3: : :bucket1", "arn:aws:s3: : :bucket1/*"]
    }
  ]
}
```

In addition, the same account has an IAM User named "alice", with the following IAM policy.

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [{
    "Effect": "Allow",
    "Action": "s3:*",
    "Resource": ["arn:aws:s3: : :bucket2", "arn:aws:s3: : :bucket2/*"]
  }
]
```

Which buckets can user "alice" access?

- A. Bucket1 only
- B. Bucket2 only
- C. Both bucket1 and bucket2
- D. Neither bucket1 nor bucket2

Answer: C

Explanation:

Both S3 policies and IAM policies can be used to grant access to buckets. IAM policies specify what actions are allowed or denied on what IAM resources (e.g. allow ec2:TerminateInstance on the EC2 instance with instance_id=i-8b3620ec). You attach IAM policies to IAM users, groups, or roles, which are then subject to the permissions you've defined. In other words, IAM policies define what a principal can do in your IAM environment. S3 bucket policies, on the other hand, are attached only to S3 buckets. S3 bucket policies specify what actions are allowed or denied for which principals on the bucket that the bucket policy is attached to (e.g. allow user Alice to PUT but not DELETE objects in the bucket).

<https://IAM.amazon.com/blogs/security/iam-policies-and-bucket-policies-and-acls-oh-my-controlling-access-to>

NEW QUESTION 271

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following minimizes the potential attack surface for applications?

- A. Use security groups to provide stateful firewalls for Amazon EC2 instances at the hypervisor level.
- B. Use network ACLs to provide stateful firewalls at the VPC level to prevent access to any specific IAM resource.
- C. Use IAM Direct Connect for secure trusted connections between EC2 instances within private subnets.
- D. Design network security in a single layer within the perimeter network (also known as DMZ, demilitarized zone, and screened subnet) to facilitate quicker responses to threats.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://IAM.amazon.com/answers/networking/vpc-security-capabilities/> Security Group is stateful and hypervisor level.

NEW QUESTION 274

- (Exam Topic 2)

During a security event, it is discovered that some Amazon EC2 instances have not been sending Amazon CloudWatch logs. Which steps can the Security Engineer take to troubleshoot this issue? (Select two.)

- A. Connect to the EC2 instances that are not sending the appropriate logs and verify that the CloudWatch Logs agent is running.
- B. Log in to the IAM account and select CloudWatch Log
- C. Check for any monitored EC2 instances that are in the "Alerting" state and restart them using the EC2 console.
- D. Verify that the EC2 instances have a route to the public IAM API endpoints.
- E. Connect to the EC2 instances that are not sending log
- F. Use the command prompt to verify that the right permissions have been set for the Amazon SNS topic.
- G. Verify that the network access control lists and security groups of the EC2 instances have the access to send logs over SNMP.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

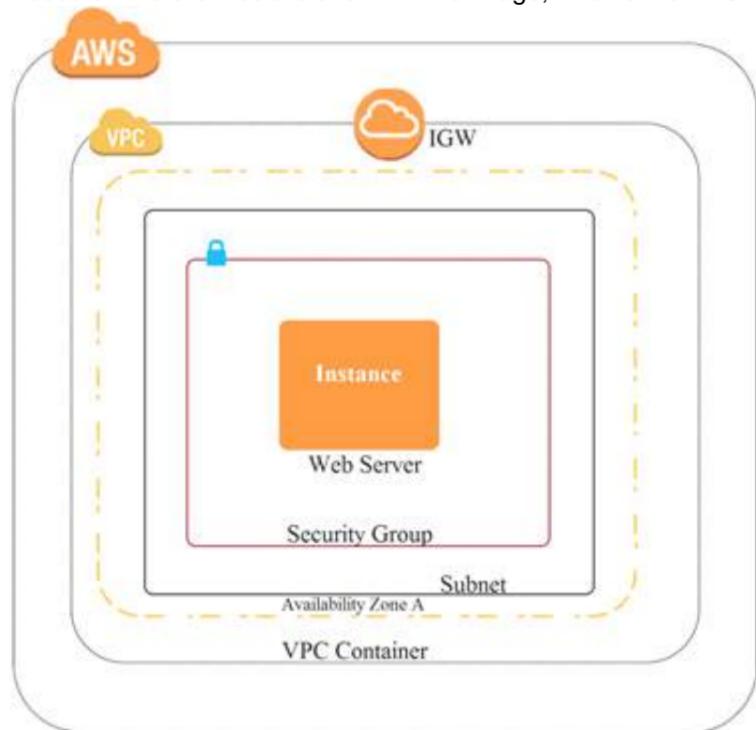
<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/monitoring/cloudwatch-and-interface-VPC.html>

NEW QUESTION 277

- (Exam Topic 2)

A company recently experienced a DDoS attack that prevented its web server from serving content. The website is static and hosts only HTML, CSS, and PDF files that users download.

Based on the architecture shown in the image, what is the BEST way to protect the site against future attacks while minimizing the ongoing operational overhead?



- A. Move all the files to an Amazon S3 bucket
- B. Have the web server serve the files from the S3 bucket.
- C. Launch a second Amazon EC2 instance in a new subne
- D. Launch an Application Load Balancer in front of both instances.
- E. Launch an Application Load Balancer in front of the EC2 instanc
- F. Create an Amazon CloudFront distribution in front of the Application Load Balancer.
- G. Move all the files to an Amazon S3 bucke
- H. Create a CloudFront distribution in front of the bucket and terminate the web server.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/dev/WebsiteHosting.html>

NEW QUESTION 279

- (Exam Topic 2)

Your company has mandated that all calls to the IAM KMS service be recorded. How can this be achieved? Please select:

- A. Enable logging on the KMS service
- B. Enable a trail in Cloudtrail
- C. Enable Cloudwatch logs
- D. Use Cloudwatch metrics

Answer: B

Explanation:

The IAM Documentation states the following

IAM KMS is integrated with CloudTrail, a service that captures API calls made by or on behalf of IAM KMS in your IAM account and delivers the log files to an Amazon S3 bucket that you specify. CloudTrail captures

API calls from the IAM KMS console or from the IAM KMS API. Using the information collected by CloudTrail, you can determine what request was made, the source IP address from which the request was made, who made the request when it was made, and so on.

Option A is invalid because logging is not possible in the KMS service

Option C and D are invalid because Cloudwatch cannot be used to monitor API calls For more information on logging using Cloudtrail please visit the below URL

<https://docs.IAM.amazon.com/kms/latest/developerguide/loeeing-usine-cloudtrail.html> The correct answer is: Enable a trail in Cloudtrail

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NEW QUESTION 284

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