



ITIL

Exam Questions ITIL-4-Foundation

ITIL 4 Foundation

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NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which statement about a continual improvement register (CIR) is TRUE?

- A. Used to help plan changes, assist in communication avoid conflicts and assign resources
- B. Used to select the right method, model or technique for identifying improvements
- C. Used to track and manage improvement ideas from identification through to final action
- D. Used to provide a formal description of one or more services designed to address the needs of a target consumer group

Answer: C

Explanation:

The continual improvement practice aligns the organization's practices and services with changing business needs through the ongoing identification and improvement of services, service components, practices, or any element involved in the efficient and effective management of products and services¹. A continual improvement register (CIR) is a tool used to track and manage improvement ideas from identification through to final action². It helps to prioritize, monitor, and communicate the status of improvement initiatives³. The other statements are not true because:

- Used to help plan changes, assist in communication avoid conflicts and assign resources: This describes the purpose of a change schedule, which is a tool used by the change enablement practice².
- Used to select the right method, model or technique for identifying improvements: This describes the purpose of a continual improvement model (CIM), which is a tool used by the continual improvement practice².
- Used to provide a formal description of one or more services designed to address the needs of a target consumer group: This describes the purpose of a service offering, which is an output of the engage activity of the service value chain¹. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 15; ITIL® 4 A Pocket Guide, page 34; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Continual Improvement, page 9.

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which term is used to describe removing something that could have an effect on a service?

- A. A change
- B. An incident
- C. An IT asset
- D. A problem

Answer: A

Explanation:

A change is defined as the addition, modification, or removal of anything that could have a direct or indirect effect on services
<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-change-enablement/#:~:text=A%20change%20is%20defined%20as,or%20indir>

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which role would be MOST SUITABLE for someone with experience of managing relationships with various stakeholders, including suppliers and business managers?

- A. Service level manager
- B. Service desk agent
- C. Change authority
- D. Problem analyst

Answer: A

Explanation:

The purpose of the SLM practice is to set clear business-based targets for service performance, so that the delivery of a service can be properly assessed, monitored, and managed against these targets. SLM involves service level activities, including:

- Defining service levels
- Documenting
- Actively managing them <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-level-management/>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the four dimensions' focuses on roles responsibilities and systems of authority?

- A. Organizations and people
- B. Information and technology
- C. Partners and suppliers
- D. Value streams and processes

Answer: A

Explanation:

Organizations and people is one of the four dimensions of service management that influence the effectiveness and efficiency of service delivery¹. This dimension focuses on the roles, responsibilities, and systems of authority that are needed to deliver and support services². This dimension also covers the culture, skills, competencies, and collaboration of the people involved in service management³. References: ITIL Foundati - ITIL 4 Edition, page 8; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 19; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Organizational Chan Management, page 7.

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice conducts reviews to validate that services are covering the needs of the customer?

- A. Monitoring and event management
- B. Service level management
- C. Change enablement
- D. Service desk

Answer: B

Explanation:

The purpose of the service level management practice is to set clear business-based targets for service performance, so that the delivery of a service can be properly assessed, monitored, and managed against these targets¹. This practice conducts reviews to validate that services are covering the needs of the customer and to identify areas for improvement². References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 16; ITIL® 4 – A Poc Guide, page 37; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Service Level Management, page 7.

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which value chain activity is concerned with the availability of service components?

- A. Design and transition
- B. Deliver and support
- C. Plan
- D. Obtain/build

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Obtain/Build activity is responsible for ensuring that all service components are available when and where needed, and that they meet the agreed specifications.

<https://www.beyond20.com/blog/what-is-the-til-4-service-value-chain/#:~:text=The%20Obtain%2FBuild%20a>

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice has a purpose that includes the management of financially valuable components that can contribute to the delivery of an IT service?

- A. IT asset management
- B. Deployment management
- C. Continual management
- D. Monitoring and event management

Answer: A

Explanation:

An asset is defined as anything that is useful or valuable within a product or service. This value is generally determined financially: how much an asset costs versus how much it saves.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/it-asset-management/>

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following includes configuring components and activities to facilitate outcomes for stakeholders?

- A. Service relationship management
- B. Service consumption
- C. The service value system
- D. The release management' practice

Answer: C

Explanation:

Organizations maximize co-creation of value with their customers by facilitating the outcomes they want to achieve. The four dimensions of service management have shown that a holistic approach is the best way for an organization to:

- Achieve its goals in delivering quality and cost effective services
- Meet the needs of its customers
- Satisfy the requirements of its stakeholders <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-value-system/>

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice needs the right culture to be embedded across the entire organization?

- A. Service level management
- B. Service request management
- C. Continual improvement
- D. Change enablement

Answer: C

Explanation:

The purpose of the continual improvement practice is to align the organization's practices and services with changing business needs through the ongoing identification and improvement of services, service components, practices, or any element involved in the efficient and effective management of products and services¹. This practice needs the right culture to be embedded across the entire organization, as it requires a shared vision, commitment, empowerment, collaboration, learning, and measurement². References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 15; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 34; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Continual Improvement, page 7.

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is a user?

- A. The role that directs and controls an organization
- B. The role that uses services
- C. The role that authorizes budget for service consumption
- D. The role that defines the requirements for a service

Answer: B

Explanation:

A user is a person who uses services on a day-to-day basis. Users are distinct from customers, as some customers do not use the service directly¹. Users are one of the key stakeholders in service management². References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 5; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 18.

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is included in the purpose of the 'release management' practice?

- A. Authorizing changes to proceed
- B. Making new features available for use
- C. Moving new software to live environments
- D. Ensuring information about services is available

Answer: B

Explanation:

The purpose of the release management practice is to make new and changed services and features available for use.

Release: A version of a service or other configuration item, or a collection of configuration items, that is made available for use.

<https://wiki.process-symphony.com.au/framework/lifecycle/process/release-management-til-4/>

NEW QUESTION 12

- (Exam Topic 4)

When using the 'continual improvement model, which information should be produced by an organization to understand where the organization is now?

- A. Business objectives
- B. Improvement plans
- C. Assessment results
- D. Measureable Targets

Answer: C

Explanation:

The second step is to conduct an objective current-state assessment of existing services and service management practices. This should include consideration of the users' perception of the value being received, along with a review of people's competencies and skills, the processes and procedures involved, the capabilities of the available technological solutions and the prevailing organizational culture. The success of an improvement initiative depends on a clear and accurate understanding of the starting point and the required impact of the initiative.

For example, an organization can measure the current net promoter score (NPS) from a customer satisfaction survey, conduct a benchmark survey against its competitors or review findings of operational statistics or audit reports to understand its current state. If this step is skipped, the current state will not be understood and there will not be an objective baseline measurement against which improvement can be measured.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-continual-improvement/>

NEW QUESTION 14

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which service value chain activity relates with buying new products?

- A. Engage
- B. Obtain/build
- C. Plan
- D. Improve

Answer: B

Explanation:

Obtain/build is one of the six activities of the service value chain, which is a set of interconnected activities that an organization performs to deliver a valuable product or service to its consumers and to facilitate value realization¹. Obtain/build activity relates with buying new products, as well as designing, developing, and testing new or changed service components². This activity ensures that service components are available when and where they are needed and meet agreed specifications³. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 10; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 21; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Service Value Chain, page 9.

NEW QUESTION 16

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice handles all pre-defined user-initiated service actions?

- A. Deployment management
- B. Incident management
- C. Service level management
- D. Service request management

Answer: D

Explanation:

The purpose of the service request management practice is to support the agreed quality of a service by handling all pre-defined, user-initiated service requests in an effective and user-friendly manner. Service request management is dependent upon well-designed processes and procedures, which are operationalized through tracking and automation tools to maximize the efficiency of the practice. To be handled optimally, service request management should follow these guidelines:

- Service requests and their fulfilment should be standardized and automated to the greatest degree possible.
- Policies should define which service requests will be fulfilled with limited or even no additional approvals so that fulfilment can be streamlined.
- The expectations of users regarding fulfilment times and costs should be clearly set, based on what the organization can realistically deliver.
- Opportunities for improvement should be identified and implemented to produce faster fulfilment times and take advantage of automation.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-request-management/>

NEW QUESTION 21

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is the definition of “service management”?

- A. A result for a stakeholder enabled by one or more outputs
- B. A formal description of one or more services, designed to address the needs of a target consumer group
- C. Join activities performed by a service provider and a service consumer to ensure continual value co-creation
- D. A set of specialized organizational capabilities for enabling value for customers in the form of services.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Service management is a set of specialized organizational capabilities for enabling value for customers in the form of services. These capabilities include tangible things like capital, people, and equipment, and can also include intangible things like knowledge, management and skills. These capabilities can also include intangible things, like knowledge, management, and skills.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-concepts-service-management/#:~:text=Service%20management%20is%20>

NEW QUESTION 25

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is the BEST type of resource for investigating complex incidents?

- A. Self-help systems
- B. Knowledgeable support staff
- C. Detailed work instructions
- D. Disaster recovery plans

Answer: B

Explanation:

More complex incidents will usually be escalated to a support team for resolution, or even suppliers and partners who offer support for products and services they provide.

NEW QUESTION 26

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is an activity in the 'Problem control' phase of problem management?

- A. Re-assessing a known error to manage the ongoing impact.
- B. Reviewing incident records to identify trends
- C. Implementing a technical fix to resolve an issue
- D. Documenting the steps in workaround

Answer: D

Explanation:

Problem Control. Problem control activities include problem analysis and documenting workarounds and known errors.

Just like incidents, problems will be prioritized based on the risk they pose in terms of probability and impact to services. Focus should be given to problems that have highest risk to services and service management.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-problem-management/#:~:text=2.,probability%20and%20impact%20to%20serv>

NEW QUESTION 27

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the four dimensions focuses on managing data in compliance with industry regulations?

- A. Partners and suppliers
- B. Organizations and people
- C. Value streams and processes

D. Information and technology

Answer: D

Explanation:

ITIL® has defined four dimensions that collectively are critical to the effective and efficient delivery of value to customers and other stakeholders in the form of products and services. These dimensions are:

- Organizations and People
- Information and Technology
- Partners and Suppliers
- Value Streams and Processes

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-four-dimensions-service-management/>

NEW QUESTION 31

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is a description of service provision?

- A. A formal description of one or more services, designed to address the needs of a service consumer
- B. Activities that an organization performs to deliver services
- C. A way to help create value by facilitating outcomes that service consumers need
- D. Cooperation between two organizations to ensure that a service delivers value

Answer: B

Explanation:

The ITIL SVS describes how all the components and activities of the organization work together as a system to enable value creation.

The SVS is made up of specific inputs, elements, and outputs relevant to service management. The key input to the SVS are opportunity and demand. The output of the SVS is value delivered by products and services.

- Opportunity refers to options or possibilities to add value for stakeholders or otherwise improve the organization.
- Demand refers to need or desire for products and services among internal and external consumers. <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-value-system/>

NEW QUESTION 36

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which TWO BEST describe the guiding principles?

- Short term
- Standards
- Recommendations
- Long-term

- A. 1 and 4
- B. 3 and 4
- C. 1 and 2
- D. 2 and 3

Answer: B

Explanation:

A guiding principle is a recommendation that provides universal and enduring guidance to an organization, which applies in all circumstances, regardless of changes in its goals, strategies, type of work, or management structure.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-guiding-principles/#:~:text=A%20guiding%20principle%20is%20a,of%20work>

NEW QUESTION 37

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is the definition of an IT asset?

- A. Any financially valuable component that contributes to a service
- B. Any request from a user that is a normal part of service delivery
- C. Any component that needs to be managed to deliver a service
- D. Any change of state that has significance for the management of a service

Answer: A

Explanation:

IT asset is any financially valuable component that can contribute to the delivery of an IT product or service. The scope of IT asset management typically includes all software, hardware, networking, cloud services, and client devices

<https://wiki.process-symphony.com.au/framework/lifecycle/process/it-asset-management-itil-4/#:~:text=IT%20a>

NEW QUESTION 42

- (Exam Topic 4)

Why should a service level agreement include bundles of metrics?

- A. To ensure that the service levels have been agreed with customers
- B. To reduce the number of metrics that need to be measured and reported
- C. To ensure that all services are included in the service reports
- D. To help focus on business outcomes, rather than operational result.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Individual metrics without a specified service context are unhelpful. They should relate to defined outcomes and not simply operational metrics. This can be achieved with balanced bundles of metrics, such as customer satisfaction and key business outcomes.

[https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-level-management/#:~:text=Service%20Level%20Agreements%20\(SL](https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-level-management/#:~:text=Service%20Level%20Agreements%20(SL)

NEW QUESTION 44

- (Exam Topic 4)

How is a continual improvement register used?

- A. To record requests for provision of a resource or service
- B. To provide a structured approach to implementing improvements
- C. To organize past, present, and future improvement ideas
- D. To authorize changes to implement improvement initiatives

Answer: B

Explanation:

The ITIL continual improvement model, which provides organizations with a structured approach to implementing improvements

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-continual-improvement/>

NEW QUESTION 46

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is the customer of a service responsible for?

- A. Authorizing the budget for the service
- B. Provisioning the service
- C. Defining the requirements for the service
- D. Using the service

Answer: C

Explanation:

Customer: A person who defines the requirements for a service and takes responsibility for the outcomes of service consumption;

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-concepts-service-management/>

NEW QUESTION 51

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice ensures that a variety of access channels are available for users to report issues?

- A. Service desk
- B. Service level management
- C. Incident management
- D. Change enablement

Answer: A

Explanation:

Service desks provide a variety of channels for access including:

- Phone calls, which can include specialized technology, such as interactive voice response (IVR), conference calls, voice recognition, and others.
- Service portals and mobile applications, supported by service and request catalogues, and knowledge bases.
- Chat, through live chat and chatbots.
- Email for logging and updating, and for follow-up surveys and confirmations.
- Walk-in service desk (which are becoming more prevalent in some sectors, such as higher education, where there are high peaks of activity that demand physical presence).,
- Text and social media messaging, which are useful for notifications in case of major incidents and for contacting specific stakeholder groups, but can also be used to allow users to request support.
- Public and corporate social media and discussion forums for contacting the service provider and for peer-to-peer support.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-desk/>

NEW QUESTION 54

- (Exam Topic 4)

What should remain constant within an organization, even when the organization's objectives change?

- A. Outputs
- B. Guiding principles
- C. Service offerings
- D. Outcomes

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-guiding-principles/>

NEW QUESTION 55

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which phase of problem management includes the regular re-assessment of the effectiveness of workarounds?

- A. Problem identification
- B. Problem control
- C. Error control
- D. Problem analysis

Answer: C

Explanation:

Error control also regularly re-assesses the status of known errors that have not been resolved, taking acc of the overall impact on customers and/or service availability, and the cost of permanent resolutions, and effectiveness of workarounds

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-problem-management/#:~:text=Error%20control%20also%20regularly%20re,re>

NEW QUESTION 60

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which statement about the purpose or the Monitoring and event management practice is TRUE?

- A. Minimize the negative impact of incidents by restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible
- B. Support the agreed quality of a service by handling all pre-defined, user-initiated service requests in an effective and user-friendly manner
- C. Systematically observe services and service components and record and report selected changes of state identified as events
- D. Maximize the number of successful service and product changes by ensuring that risks have been properly assessed, authorized and managed within a schedule

Answer: C

Explanation:

The purpose of the monitoring and event management practice is to systematically observe services and service components and record and report selected changes of state identified as events¹. This practice helps to identify and prioritize any issues or opportunities for improvement in the delivery or support of services². The other statements describe the purposes of different practices: incident management (A), service request management (B), and change enablement (D)³. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 14; IT 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 31; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Monitoring and Event Management, page 7.

NEW QUESTION 63

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following is included in the purpose of the 'continual improvement' practice?

- A. The restoration of normal service operation as quickly as possible
- B. The establishment of links between the organization and its stakeholders at strategic and tactical levels
- C. The alignment of the organization's practices and services with changing business needs
- D. The reduction of the likelihood and impact of incidents

Answer: C

Explanation:

Continual improvement encompasses all elements of the ITIL SVS. It involves aligning an organization's practices and services with changing business needs, through the ongoing assessment and improvement of each element involved in the management of products and services. Continual improvement applies to the SVS in its entirety, as well as to all of the organization's products, services, service components, and relationships, and is the responsibility of every individual involved in service management.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-continual-improvement/>

NEW QUESTION 67

- (Exam Topic 4)

Staff in an IT organization are very busy, mostly carrying out tasks that add little or no value to the organization or its customers.

Which guiding principle recommends that the unnecessary work should be eliminated?

- A. Keep it simple and practical
- B. Think and work holistically
- C. Star: where you are
- D. Progress iteratively with feedback

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://assyst.ifs.com/blog/the-7-guiding-principles-of-itil-4-0> Don't over-engineer solutions. Think about what you can do now.

Like focus on value, this principle is heavily focused on the prevention of waste. Waste correlates with complexity. Higher complexity means there are more opportunities for waste to creep into a system.

Focus on delivering the desired outcome, not building the most elegant and elaborate solution. Use the minimum number of steps to deliver that outcome, ensuring you are not over-processing (delivering quality above and beyond what is required).

NEW QUESTION 68

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice guarantees that users have a range of access channels to choose from to report problems?

- A. Service desk
- B. Service level management
- C. Incident management

D. Change enablement

Answer: A

Explanation:

The service desk practice provides a single point of contact for users and customers to report issues, make requests, or seek guidance¹. This practice guarantees that users have a range of access channels to choose from to report problems, such as phone, email, web portal, chatbot, or self-service². This helps to improve user satisfaction, reduce frustration, and increase efficiency³. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 14; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 32; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Service Desk, page 7.

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 4)

Identify the missing work in the following sentence.

An organization which is undertaking an improvement initiative should [?] the existing methods and services when building for the future.

- A. Consider
- B. Discard
- C. Re-use
- D. Improve

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 74

- (Exam Topic 4)

Identity the missing word in the following sentence

The purpose of the service configuration management practice is to ensure that accurate and reliable information about the configuration of [?], and the CIs that support them, is available when and where it is needed

- A. organizations
- B. outcomes
- C. relationships
- D. services

Answer: D

Explanation:

The purpose of the service configuration management practice is to ensure that accurate and reliable information about the configuration of services, and the CIs that support them, is available when and where it is needed. This includes information on how CIs are configured and the relationships between them.

<https://wiki.process-symphony.com.au/framework/lifecycle/process/service-configuration-management-itol-4/>

NEW QUESTION 78

- (Exam Topic 4)

A service will be unavailable for the next two hours for unplanned maintenance. Which practice is MOST LIKELY to be involved in managing this?

- A. Incident management
- B. Service Request management
- C. Change enablement
- D. Service request management

Answer: A

Explanation:

Incident management is typically closely aligned with the service desk, which is the single point of contact for all users communicating with IT. When a service is disrupted or fails to deliver the promised performance during normal service hours, it is essential to restore the service to normal operation as quickly as possible.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-v3-incident-management/>

NEW QUESTION 83

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice requires focus and effort to engage and listen to the requirements, issues, concerns and daily needs of customers?

- A. Service desk
- B. Supplier Management
- C. Service request management
- D. Service level management

Answer: C

Explanation:

In order to be aligned to customer outcomes and expectations, SLM requires focus and effort to engage and listen to the requirements, issues, concerns, and daily needs of customers:

Engagement is needed to understand and confirm the actual ongoing needs and requirements of customers, not simply what is interpreted by the service provider or has been agreed several years before. ITIL4 refers to value as being co-created, since it needs the input and validation of customers.

Listening is important as a relationship-building and trust-building activity, to show customers that they are valued and understood. This helps to move the provider away from always being in 'solution mode' and to build new, more constructive partnerships. Each customer is unique, and the service provider must not have a one-size-fits-all approach.

The activities of engaging and listening provide a great opportunity to build improved relationships and to focus on what really needs to be delivered. They also give service delivery staff an experience-based understanding of the day-to-day work that is done with their technology, enabling them to deliver a more business-focused service. When the customer is engaged and listened to, they feel valued and their perception of the service and service management activities improves.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-level-management/>

NEW QUESTION 84

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is the MOST LIKELY reason mat incident management would need a temporary team to work together?

- A. To escalate an incident to a supplier or partner
- B. So users can resolve their own incidents with self-help
- C. To resolve a complex or major incident
- D. So customers and users are provided with timely updates

Answer: C

Explanation:

The incident management practice aims to minimize the negative impact of incidents by restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible¹. A complex or major incident is an incident that has a significant impact or urgency for the business and requires a high level of coordination and resources to resolve². This may require a temporary team to work together, such as a major incident team or a swarming team³. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 14; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 32; ITIL Practice Guide: Incident Management, page 8.

NEW QUESTION 86

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the purpose of the ‘monitoring and event management’ practice?

- A. To restore normal service operation as quickly as possible
- B. To manage workarounds and known errors
- C. To capture demand for incident resolution and service requests
- D. To systematically observe services and service components

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 89

- (Exam Topic 3)

Identify the missing word in the following sentences.

A service is a means of enabling value co-creation by facilitating [?] that customers want to achieve, without the customer having to manage specific costs and risks.

- A. utility
- B. warranty
- C. outcomes
- D. outputs

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 92

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which dimension of service management includes consideration of the type of relationship required with other organizations involved in the design and delivery of services?

- A. Organizations and people
- B. Information and technology
- C. Partners and suppliers
- D. Value streams and processes

Answer: C

Explanation:

This dimension encompasses an organization's relationships with other organizations that are involved in the design, development, deployment, delivery, support and/or continual improvement of services. This dimension also incorporates contracts and other agreements between the organization and its partners or suppliers².

NEW QUESTION 96

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which benefit is MOST aligned with the guiding principle 'progress iteratively with feedback'?

- A. Service providers are able to respond more quickly to customer needs
- B. Bottlenecks in the service provider's workflow are identified.
- C. The complexities of the service provider's IT systems are identified.
- D. The service provider gains a better understanding of the customer experience.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 98

- (Exam Topic 3)

In which case would a problem be logged?

- A. When the cause is identified but not resolved
- B. After analysis of error information from a supplier
- C. When a user reports an unplanned service interruption
- D. Alter a workaround is identified and documented

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 99

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about outcomes is CORRECT?

- A. They are deliverables provided to service consumers.
- B. They allow service consumers to achieve a desired result.
- C. They provide products to service providers based on outputs.
- D. The co-create value for service providers by reducing costs and risks.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.axelos.com/news/blogs/february-2015/difference-between-outputs-and-outcomes-in-itsm>

NEW QUESTION 103

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a purpose of the 'relationship management' practice?

- A. To systematically observe services and service components
- B. To protect the information needed by the organization to conduct its business
- C. To be the entry point and single point of contact for the service provider with all of its users
- D. To identify, analyze, monitor, and continually improve links with stakeholders

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://wiki.process-symphony.com.au/framework/lifecycle/process/relationship-management-til-4/>

NEW QUESTION 104

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which skill is required by the 'service level management' practice?

- A. Supplier management
- B. Technical expertise
- C. Event monitoring
- D. Problem management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 106

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which activity is part of the 'continual improvement practice'?

- A. handing compliments and complaints from user to identify improvements.
- B. Improving relationships with and between stakeholders.
- C. Prioritizing and creating business cases for improvement initiatives.
- D. Identifying the cause unplanned interruptions to service.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 108

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about service relationship management is CORRECT?

- A. It focuses on the service actions performed by users
- B. It requires the service consumer to create resources for the service provider
- C. It requires co-operation of both the service provider and service consumer
- D. It focuses on the fulfilment of the agreed service actions

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 112

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about the 'incident management' practice is CORRECT?

- A. It identifies the cause of major incidents.
- B. It authorizes changes to resolve incidents.
- C. It maintains detailed procedures for diagnosing incidents.
- D. It resolves the highest impact incidents first.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-incident-management/>

NEW QUESTION 113

- (Exam Topic 3)

Why should a service level manager carry out regular service reviews?

- A. To ensure that agreements are written simply and are easy to understand
- B. To collect information about service consumer goals and objectives
- C. To capture information about service issues and performance against agreed goals
- D. To ensure continual improvement of services, so that they meet the evolving needs of service consumers

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 118

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a cause, or potential cause, of one or more incidents?

- A. A configuration item
- B. A workaround
- C. An incident
- D. A problem

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 120

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about the 'continual improvement model' is CORRECT?

- A. Organizations should work through the steps of the model in the sequence in which they are presented
- B. The flow of the model helps organizations to link improvements to its goals
- C. The model is applicable to only certain parts of the service value system
- D. Organizations should use an additional model or method to link improvements to customer value

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 122

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the definition of warranty?

- A. A means of identifying events that could cause harm or loss
- B. A means of determining whether a service is fit for purpose
- C. A means of identifying a result for a stakeholder
- D. A means of determining whether a service is fit for use

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 125

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is the addition, modification or removal of anything that could have an effect on services?

- A. A change
- B. An event
- C. An incident
- D. A problem

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 127

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which dimension focuses on relationships with other organizations that are involved in the design, development, deployment and delivery of services?

- A. Organizations and people
- B. Information and technology
- C. Partners and suppliers
- D. Value streams and processes

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 128

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is the BEST example of a standard change?

- A. The review and authorization of a change requested by a customer
- B. The implementation of a critical software patch in response to a vendor security issue
- C. The installation of a software application in response to a service request
- D. The replacement of a component in response to a major incident

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 130

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which activity contributes to the 'where are we now?' step of the 'continual improvement' model?

- A. Executing improvement actions
- B. Performing baseline assessments
- C. Defining the improvement plan
- D. Understanding the business mission

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 134

- (Exam Topic 3)

When is the earliest that a workaround can be documented in 'problem management'?

- A. After the problem has been logged
- B. After the problem has been prioritized
- C. After the problem has been analyzed
- D. After the problem has been resolved

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 137

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following is NOT recommended by the guiding principle 'start where you are'?

- A. Asking questions that appear to be stupid
- B. Identifying what is available to be leveraged
- C. Building something completely new
- D. Collecting data directly from the source

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 139

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice is responsible for moving new or changed components to live or other environments?

- A. Release management
- B. Deployment management
- C. Change enablement
- D. Supplier management

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.sysaid.com/blog/entry/itil-4-practices-whats-new-and-changed>

NEW QUESTION 142

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about a service value stream is CORRECT?

- A. it uses inputs and outputs prescribed by ITIL
- B. It is a service value chain activity
- C. It integrates practices for a specific scenario
- D. It provides an operating model for service providers

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 145

- (Exam Topic 3)

What should be considered as part of the 'partners and suppliers' dimension?

- A. The level of integration and formality involved in the relationships between organizations
- B. The activities, workflows, controls and procedures needed to achieve the agreed objectives
- C. The information created, managed and used in the course of service provision and consumption
- D. The required skills and competencies of teams and individual members of the organization

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 146

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice recommends the use of event-based surveys to gather feedback from customers?

- A. Service level management
- B. Change enablement
- C. Service request management
- D. Problem management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 148

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a risk that might be removed from a service consumer by an IT service?

- A. Service provider ceasing to trade
- B. Security breach
- C. Failure of server hardware
- D. Cost of purchasing servers

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-concepts-service-management/>

NEW QUESTION 153

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice makes use of methods from Lean, Agile and DevOps?

- A. Service desk
- B. Continual improvement
- C. Problem management
- D. Incident management

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 155

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a recommendation for applying the guiding principle 'keep it simple and practical'?

- A. Communicate in a way the audience can hear
- B. Sometimes nothing from the current state can be re used
- C. If a practice is easier to follow it is more likely to be adopted
- D. Fast does not mean incomplete

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 157

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about standard changes is CORRECT?

- A. A full assessment should be completed each time the change is implemented
- B. The change can be implemented with less testing if necessary
- C. The appropriate change authority should be assigned to each type of change
- D. The change does not require additional authorization

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 159

- (Exam Topic 3)

In service relationships, what is a benefit of identifying consumer roles?

- A. It enables effective stakeholder management
- B. It provides shared service expectations
- C. It removes constraints from the customer
- D. It enables a common definition of value

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 164

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice has a strong influence on the user experience and perception of the service provider?

- A. Service desk
- B. Change enablement
- C. Service level management
- D. Supplier management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 165

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about outcomes is CORRECT?

- A. Outcomes rely on outputs to deliver results for a stakeholder.
- B. Outcomes use activities to produce tangible or intangible deliverables.
- C. Outcomes gives service consumers assurance of products or services
- D. Outcomes help a service consumers to assess the cost of a specific activity

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 168

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the MOST important reason for prioritizing incidents?

- A. To ensure that user expectations are realistic
- B. To ensure that incidents with highest impact are resolved first
- C. To help information-sharing are learning
- D. To provide links to related changes and known errors

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 170

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is an activity of the 'problem management' practice?

- A. Restoration of normal service operation as quickly as possible
- B. Prioritization of problems based on the risk that they pose
- C. Authorization of changes to resolve the cause of problems.
- D. Resolution of incidents in a time that meet customer expectations

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 172

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following is included in the purpose of the 'continual improvement' printer?

- A. The restoration of normal service operation as quickly as possible
- B. The establishment of lns between the organization and its stakeholders at strategic and tactical levels
- C. The alignment of the organization's practices and services with changing business needs
- D. The reduction of the likelihood and impact of incidents

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 174

- (Exam Topic 3)

What describes how components and activities work together to facilitate value creation?

- A. The ITIL service value system
- B. The ITIL guiding principles
- C. The four dimensions of service management
- D. A service relationship

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 176

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is part of the 'focus on value' guiding principle?

- A. Understanding what services help the service consumer
- B. Reducing the number of steps in the customer experience
- C. Assessing services to identify parts that can be reused
- D. Identifying activities that can be achieved in smaller iterations

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 177

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about outcome is CORRECT?

- A. Outcomes rely on outputs to deliver results for a stakeholder
- B. Outcomes use activities to produce tangible or intangible deliverables
- C. Outcomes give service consumers assurance of products or services
- D. Outcomes help a service consumer to assess the cost of a specific activity

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 178

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which principle concentrates on service consumers?

- A. Start where you are
- B. Optimize and automate
- C. Keep it simple
- D. Focus on value

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 181

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a way of applying the guiding principle 'focus on value'?

- A. Understanding how service consumers use services
- B. Comprehending the whole, but doing something
- C. Recognizing the complexity of systems
- D. Doing fewer things, but doing them better

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 183

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which guiding principle leads to a faster response to customer needs by timeboxing activities and learning from the outputs of previous activities?

- A. Focus on value
- B. Progress iteratively with feedback
- C. Collaborate and promote visibility
- D. Optimize and automate

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 185

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two are considered part of the 'organizations and people' dimension of service management?

- * 1.Systems of authority
- * 2.Culture
- * 3. Relationships between organizations
- * 4.Workflows

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 and 3
- C. 3 and 4
- D. 1 and 4

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 186

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about service offerings is CORRECT?

- A. The same product can be used as a basis for more than one service offering
- B. Service offerings include the transfer of goods from the consumer to the provider
- C. Service offerings describe how providers and consumers cooperate to co-create value
- D. Each service should be described to consumers as a single service offering

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 191

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is an example of a problem control activity?

- A. Reviewing incident records to identify trends
- B. Implementing a technical fix to resolve an issue
- C. Re-assessing a known error to understand the ongoing impact
- D. Documenting the steps in a workaround

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 193

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice has the purpose of ensuring that the organization's suppliers and their performance are managed appropriately to support the provision of seamless, quality products and services?

- A. Release management

- B. Supplier management
- C. Service management
- D. Relationship management

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 197

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which ITIL concept helps an organization to make good decisions?

- A. Four dimensions of service management
- B. Guiding principles
- C. Service value chain
- D. Practices

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 200

- (Exam Topic 3)

What impact does automation have on a service desk?

- A. Less low level work and a greater ability to focus on user experience
- B. Increased phone contact and a reduced ability to focus on user experience
- C. Ability to work from multiple locations, geographically dispersed
- D. Ability to work from a single centralised location

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 205

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a configuration item?

- A. Any financially valuable component that can contribute to delivery of an IT product or service
- B. Any component that needs to be managed in order to deliver an IT service
- C. Any change of state that has significance for the management of a service
- D. A problem that has been analyzed but has not been resolved

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-terms/>

NEW QUESTION 208

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the four dimensions include, the knowledge bases needed to deliver and manage services?

- A. Organizations and people
- B. Information and technology
- C. Partners and suppliers
- D. Value streams and processes

Answer: B

Explanation:

This includes the information and technology needed to deliver services (servers, storage, networks, databases, etc.) as well as the information and technology needed to manage those services (ITSM tools, knowledge bases, configuration information, etc.).

<https://www.sysaid.com/blog/entry/everything-you-officially-need-to-know-about-itil-4>

NEW QUESTION 209

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a problem that has been analysed but has not been resolved?

- A. Workaround
- B. Incident
- C. Known error
- D. Event

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 210

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which value chain activity ensures a shared understanding of the current status and required direction for all products and services?

- A. Plan
- B. Improve
- C. Design and transition

D. Deliver and support

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 213

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which step of the continual improvement model includes baseline assessments?

- A. Did we get there?
- B. Where are we now?
- C. What is the vision?
- D. Where do we want to be?

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 215

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about the 'service request management' practice is CORRECT?

- A. Service requests are fulfilled using simple workflows
- B. A new workflow is created for each type of request
- C. Additional approval is sometimes needed for restoration of service
- D. Financial authorization is sometimes required for service requests

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 219

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a use of a continual improvement register?

- A. Planning changes, assisting in communication, avoiding conflicts, and assigning resources
- B. Selecting the right method, model or technique for identifying improvements
- C. Tracking and managing improvement ideas from identification through to final action
- D. Describing the services designed to meet the needs of a consumer group

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 222

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which activity is part of the 'continual improvement' practice?

- A. Identifying the cause of incidents and recommending related improvements
- B. Authorizing changes to implement improvements
- C. Logging and managing incidents that result in improvement opportunities
- D. Making business cases for improvement action

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 227

- (Exam Topic 3)

What role would be MOST suitable for someone with lots of experience working in IT and business roles? They also have experience of managing relationships with various stakeholders, including suppliers and business managers.

- A. Service level manager
- B. Service desk agent
- C. Change authority
- D. Problem analyst

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 230

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice is most likely to benefit from the use of chatbots?

- A. Service level management
- B. Change enablement
- C. Continual improvement
- D. Service desk

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 234

- (Exam Topic 3)

Identify the missing words in the following sentence.

The 'incident management' practice should maintain [?] for logging and managing incidents.

- A. a dedicated team
- B. a formal process
- C. detailed procedures
- D. a value chain activity

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 239

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice facilitates operational communication between the service provider organization and users in the service consumer organization?

- A. Service level management
- B. Relationship management
- C. Service desk
- D. Monitoring and event management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 244

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which guiding principle considers how the steps of a process can be performed as efficiently as possible?

- A. Start where you are
- B. Focus on value
- C. Think and work holistically
- D. Optimize and automate

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.sysaid.com/blog/entry/the-7-guiding-principles-of-iti-4-practical-advice-to-help-you-make-decisions>

NEW QUESTION 246

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about value creating activities is CORRECT?

- A. Each value stream should be designed with a specific combination of service value chain activities
- B. Service value chain activities have pre-determined dependencies on ITIL practices
- C. A value stream is an operating model for creating value through products and services
- D. Organizations should ensure that each value stream is applicable to many scenarios

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 251

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which MOST helps an organization adapt ITIL concepts so that they apply to the organization's specific circumstances?

- A. Continual improvement
- B. Service value chain
- C. Practices
- D. Guiding principles

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 253

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice has a purpose that includes the handling of pre-defined, user-initiated demands for service?

- A. Service request management
- B. Service configuration management
- C. Deployment management
- D. Change enablement

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 257

- (Exam Topic 3)

A flaw in an application could cause a service to fail IT staff are actively analysing the application to try and understand what is going on. What is the correct name for this type of flaw?

- A. Problem
- B. Incident
- C. Event
- D. Known error

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 260

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which action is performed by a service provider?

- A. Requesting required service actions
- B. Authorizing budget for service consumption
- C. Ensuring access to agreed resources
- D. Receiving of the agreed goods

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.knowledgehut.com/tutorials/itil4-tutorial/it-service-management-concepts>

NEW QUESTION 261

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which Guiding principle says that it is not usually necessary to build something new?

- A. Focus on value
- B. start where you are
- C. Progress iteratively with feedback
- D. Think and work holistically

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 266

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which should be handled by 'service request management'?

- A. A request to implement a security patch
- B. A request to provide a laptop
- C. A request to resolve an error in a service
- D. A request to change a target in a service level agreement

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.atlassian.com/itsm/service-request-management>

NEW QUESTION 267

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice ensures that any addition, modification, or removal of anything that could have an effect on services is assessed and authorized?

- A. Deployment management
- B. Release management
- C. Change enablement
- D. Service configuration management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 270

- (Exam Topic 3)

How are target resolution times used in the 'incident management' practice?

- A. They are agreed, documented, and communicated to help set user expectations
- B. They are established, reviewed, and reported to ensure that customers are happy with the service
- C. They are initiated, approved, and managed to ensure that predictable responses are achieved
- D. They are scheduled, assessed and authorized to reduce the risk of service failures

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 271

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the purpose of the 'deployment management' practice?

- A. To protect the information needed by the organization to conduct its business
- B. To make new and changed services and features available for use
- C. To move new or changed components to live environments
- D. To plan and manage the full lifecycle of all IT assets.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 276

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is one of the five aspects of service design?

- A. Management information systems and tools
- B. Risk analysis and management approach
- C. Management policy for business case creation
- D. Corporate governance and policy

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 279

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice would help a user gain access to an application that they need to use?

- A. Service configuration management
- B. Change enablement
- C. Service request management
- D. Service level management

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 282

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice establishes a channel between the service provider and its users?

- A. Relationship management
- B. Change enablement
- C. Supplier management
- D. Service desk

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.knowledgehut.com/tutorials/itil4-tutorial/itil-management-practices-processes>

NEW QUESTION 285

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which 'service level management' activity helps staff to deliver a more business-focused service?

- A. Creating targets based on the percentage of uptime of a service
- B. Understanding the ongoing requirements of customers
- C. Using complex technical terminology in service level agreements (SLAs)
- D. Measuring low-level operational activities

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 288

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which process is used to compare the value that new services offer with the value of the services they have replaced?

- A. Availability management
- B. Capacity management
- C. Service portfolio management
- D. Service catalogue management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 291

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement about known errors and problems is CORRECT?

- A. Known error is the status assigned to a problem after it has been analysed
- B. A known error is the cause of one or more problems
- C. Known errors cause vulnerabilities, problems cause incidents
- D. Known errors are managed by technical staff, problems are managed by service management staff

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 293

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which ITIL concept describes governance?

- A. The service value system
- B. The service value chain
- C. The seven guiding principles
- D. The four dimensions of service management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 298

- (Exam Topic 2)

How does categorization of incidents assist the 'incident management' practice?

- A. It determines the priority assigned to the incident
- B. It determines how the service provider is perceived
- C. It helps direct the incident to the correct support area
- D. It ensures that incidents are resolved in timescales agreed with the customer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 299

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement about the 'continual improvement' practice is CORRECT?

- A. Continual improvement participation should be limited to a small dedicated team.
- B. It is the role of senior management to authorize improvement initiatives.
- C. Training should be provided to those involved in continual improvement.
- D. A single continual improvement register should be maintained by senior management.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-continual-improvement/>

NEW QUESTION 300

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the purpose of the 'problem management' practice?

- A. To protect the information needed by the organization to conduct its business
- B. To reduce the likelihood and impact of incidents by identifying actual and potential causes of incidents, and managing workarounds and known errors
- C. To align the organization's practices and services with changing business needs through the ongoing identification and improvement of services
- D. To minimize the negative impact of incidents by restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 302

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is a key activity carried out in the 'did we get there?' step of the 'continual improvement' model?

- A. Define measurable targets
- B. Perform baseline assessments
- C. Execute improvement actions
- D. Evaluate measurements and metrics

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 306

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice makes new services available for use?

- A. Change enablement
- B. Release management
- C. Deployment management
- D. IT asset management

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 309

- (Exam Topic 2)

What are guiding principles?

- A. A set of interconnected activities that help an organization deliver a valuable service
- B. A description of one or more services that help address the needs of a target consumer group
- C. A set of specialized organizational capabilities for enabling value for customers
- D. Recommendations that help an organization when adopting a service management approach

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 313

- (Exam Topic 2)

What three elements make up the Service Portfolio?

- A. Customer portfolio, service catalogue and retired services
- B. Customer portfolio, configuration management system and service catalogue
- C. Service pipeline, service catalogue and retired services
- D. Service pipeline, configuration management system and service catalogue

Answer: C

Explanation:

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NEW QUESTION 316

- (Exam Topic 2)

How should an organization include third-party suppliers in the continual improvement of services?

- A. Ensure suppliers include details of their approach to service improvement in contracts
- B. Require evidence that the supplier uses agile development methods
- C. Require evidence that the supplier implements all improvements using project management practices
- D. Ensure that all supplier problem management activities result in improvements

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 318

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is defined as a change of state that has significance for the management of an IT service?

- A. Event
- B. Incident
- C. Problem
- D. Known error

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 320

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement about the 'four Ps' of service design is CORRECT?

- A. Processes refers to skill and training
- B. Partners refers to suppliers and vendors
- C. People refers to technology and tools
- D. Products refers to producers and metrics

Answer: B

Explanation:

D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D

NEW QUESTION 324

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice recommends using tools for collaboration and the automated matching of symptoms?

- A. Problem management
- B. Service level management
- C. Incident management
- D. Service request management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 328

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement about change management is CORRECT?

- A. It optimizes overall business risk
- B. It optimizes financial exposure
- C. It ensures that all changes are authorized by the change advisory board (CAB)
- D. It ensures that service requests follow the normal change management process

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 331

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the reason for using a balanced bundle of service metrics?

- A. It reduces the number of metrics that need to be collected
- B. It reports each service element separately
- C. It provides an outcome-based view of services
- D. It facilitates the automatic collection of metrics

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 336

- (Exam Topic 2)

What are typically recognized through notifications created by an IT service, CI or monitoring tool?

- A. Incidents
- B. Problems
- C. Events
- D. Requests

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 337

- (Exam Topic 2)

What does the 'service request management' practice depend on for maximum efficiency?

- A. Self-service tools
- B. Compliments and complaints
- C. Processes and procedures
- D. Incident management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 339

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle focuses on reducing costs and human errors?

- A. Focus and value
- B. Collaborate and promote visibility
- C. Optimize and automate
- D. Think and work holistically

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 343

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is a purpose of the 'service level management' practice?

- A. To establish and nurture the links between the organization and its stakeholders
- B. To ensure that the organization's suppliers and their performance are managed appropriately
- C. To set clear business-based targets for service levels
- D. To support the agreed quality of a service handling all agreed, user-initiated service requests

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 346

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice provides support for managing feedback, compliments and complaints from users?

- A. Change control
- B. Service request management
- C. Problem management
- D. Incident management

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 351

- (Exam Topic 2)

Who is responsible for defining metrics for change management?

- A. The change management process owner
- B. The change advisory board (CAB)
- C. The service owner
- D. The continual service improvement manager

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 352

- (Exam Topic 2)

What must always be done before an activity is automated?

- A. Check that the activity has already been optimized
- B. Check that suitable new technology has been purchased
- C. Ensure that DevOps has been successfully implemented

D. Ensure the solution removes the need for human intervention

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 354

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the purpose of the 'incident management' practice?

- A. To minimize the negative impact of incidents by restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible
- B. To capture demand for incident resolution and service requests
- C. To reduce the likelihood and impact of incidents by identifying actual and potential causes of incidents
- D. To support the agreed service quality by effective handling of all agreed user-initiated service requests

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 358

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice ensures that accurate and reliable information is available about configuration items and the relationships between them?

- A. Service configuration management
- B. Service desk
- C. IT asset management
- D. Monitoring and event management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 359

- (Exam Topic 2)

What can a service remove from the consumer and impose on the consumer?

- A. Utility
- B. Asset
- C. Cost
- D. Outcome

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 361

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the CORRECT definition of service management?

- A. A set of specialized assets for transitioning services into the live operational environment
- B. A set of specialized organizational capabilities for delivering value to customers in the form of services
- C. The capability of supplier to deliver services to providers in exchange for money
- D. The capability of service providers to minimize their costs without reducing the value of the services

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 365

- (Exam Topic 2)

What should a release policy include?

- A. The process owner and process manager for each type of release
- B. The roles and responsibilities for incident and problem resolution
- C. The naming convention and expected frequency of each type of release
- D. The naming convention for all configuration items (CI) recorded in the configuration management system(CMS)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 367

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of these activities is carried out as part of 'problem management'?

- A. Creating incident records
- B. Diagnosing and resolving incidents
- C. Escalating incidents to a support team for resolution
- D. Trend analysis of incident records

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 371

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is included in the purpose of the 'deliver and support' value chain activity?

- A. Meeting stakeholder expectations for time to market

- B. Understanding the organization's service vision
- C. Understanding stakeholder needs
- D. Providing services to agreed specifications

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 376

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which processes are responsible for the regular review of underpinning contracts?

- A. Supplier management and service level management
- B. Supplier management and change management
- C. Availability management and service level management
- D. Supplier management and availability management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 378

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is an example of a business related measurement?

- A. The number of passengers checked in
- B. The average time to response to change requests
- C. The average resolution time for incidents
- D. The number of problems resolved

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 381

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle emphasizes the need to understand the flow of work in progress, identify bottlenecks, and uncover waste?

- A. Focus on value
- B. Collaborate and promote visibility
- C. Think and work holistically
- D. Keep it simple and practical

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 384

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a definition of a service improvement plan (SIP)?

- A. A formal plan to implement improvements to a customer's business processes
- B. An input from availability management to service level management, detailing the service design plan
- C. A formal plan to implement improvements to a service or process
- D. An input from financial management for IT services to service level management, detailing the budget plan

Answer: C

Explanation:

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NEW QUESTION 387

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which term is used to describe the prediction and control of income and expenditure within an organization?

- A. Charging
- B. Governance
- C. Budgeting
- D. Accounting

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 391

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle considers the importance of customer loyalty?

- A. Progress iteratively with feedback
- B. Focus on value
- C. Optimize and automate
- D. Start where you are

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 396

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement about the 'change enablement' practice is CORRECT?

- A. Standard changes are those that need to be scheduled, assessed and authorized following a standard process
- B. Normal changes are triggered by the creation of a change request which can be created manually or automated
- C. Assessment and authorization of normal changes should be expedited to ensure they can be implemented quickly
- D. There should be a separate change authority for standard changes which includes senior managers who understand the risks involved

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 400

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice includes the use of approaches such as Lean, Agile and DevOps with the aim of facilitating a greater amount of change at a quicker rate?

- A. Service desk
- B. Monitoring and event management
- C. Service level management
- D. Continual improvement

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 404

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is NOT within the scope of service catalogue management?

- A. Contribution to the definition of services
- B. Interfaces between all services and supporting services
- C. Interfaces between the service catalogue and service portfolio
- D. Fulfilment of business service requests

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 407

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a change schedule used for?

- A. To help plan emergency changes
- B. To help authorize standard changes
- C. To help assign a change authority
- D. To help manage normal changes

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 412

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the definition of a known error?

- A. An unplanned interruption to a service, or reduction in the quality of a service
- B. A cause, or potential cause, of one or more incidents
- C. A problem that has been analyzed and has not been resolved
- D. Any change of state that has significance for the management of a service or other configuration item (CI)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 415

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle recommends assessing the current state and deciding what can be reused?

- A. Focus on value
- B. Start where you are
- C. Collaborate and promote visibility
- D. Progress iteratively with feedback

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 419

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which value chain activity communicates the current status of all four dimensions of service management?

- A. Improve
- B. Engage
- C. Obtain/build
- D. Plan

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 423

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which role approves the cost of services?

- A. User
- B. Change authority
- C. Sponsor
- D. Customer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 426

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a problem?

- A. An addition or modification that could have an effect on services
- B. Any change of state that has significance for the management of a configuration item
- C. A cause or potential cause of one or more incidents
- D. An unplanned reduction in the quality of a service

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 429

- (Exam Topic 2)

What do customer perceptions and business outcomes help to define?

- A. The value of a service
- B. Service metrics
- C. The total cost of a service
- D. Key performance indicators (KPIs)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 430

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is recommended by the guiding principle 'progress iteratively with feedback'?

- A. A current state assessment that is carried out at the start of an improvement initiative
- B. The identification of all interested parts at the start of an improvement initiative
- C. An improvement initiative that is broken into a number of manageable sections
- D. An assessment of how all the parts of an organization will affect an improvement initiative

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 433

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which ITIL practice recommends performing service reviews to ensure that services continue to meet the needs of the organization?

- A. Service desk
- B. Service request management
- C. Service level management
- D. Service configuration management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 435

- (Exam Topic 2)

In which step of the 'continual improvement model' is an improvement plan implemented?

- A. What is the vision?
- B. How do we get there?
- C. Take action
- D. Did we get there?

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 436

- (Exam Topic 2)

Identify the missing words in the following sentence.

The purpose of the [?] is to ensure that the organization continually co-creates value with all stakeholders in line with the organization's objectives.

- A. 'focus on value' guiding principle
- B. service value system
- C. 'service request management' practice
- D. four dimensions of service management

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 439

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice forms a link between the service provider and the users of services?

- A. Change enablement
- B. Service level management
- C. Problem management
- D. Service desk

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 440

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement BEST describes the value of service strategy to the business?

- A. It allows higher volumes of successful change
- B. It reduces unplanned costs through optimized handling of service outages
- C. It reduces the duration and frequency of service outages
- D. It enables the service provider to understand what levels of service will make their customers successful

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 445

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice identifies metrics that reflect the customer's experience of a service?

- A. Continual improvement
- B. Service desk
- C. Service level management
- D. Problem management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 447

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle describes the importance of doing something, instead of spending a long time analysing different options?

- A. Optimize and automate
- B. Start where you are
- C. Focus on value
- D. Progress iteratively with feedback

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 451

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which directly assists with the diagnosis and resolution of simple incidents?

- A. Scripts for collecting user information
- B. Use of shift working patterns
- C. Fulfillment of service requests
- D. Creation of a temporary team

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 453

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle helps to ensure that each improvement effort has more focus and is easier to maintain?

- A. Start where you are
- B. Collaborate and promote visibility
- C. Progress iteratively with feedback
- D. Think and work holistically

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 455

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which term relates to service levels aligned with the needs of service consumers?

- A. Service management
- B. Warranty
- C. Cost

D. Utility

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 458

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a set of specialized organizational capabilities for enabling value for customers in the form of services?

- A. Service offering
- B. Service provision
- C. Service management
- D. Service consumption

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 462

- (Exam Topic 2)

What describes the steps needed to create and deliver a specific service to a consumer?

- A. Service management
- B. Practices
- C. A value stream
- D. Service level management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 467

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following is an example of workaround?

- A. A defective network switch is replaced with a new one
- B. An email server is restored after an incident is reported
- C. Server memory is increased when the server is unresponsive
- D. A server is restarted to resolve an incident

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 471

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is the correct combination of items that makes up an IT service?

- A. Customers, providers and documents
- B. Information technology, people and processes
- C. Information technology, networks and people
- D. People, processes and customers

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 472

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is an important principle of communication in service operation?

- A. Information should always be communicated
- B. It has an intended purpose or a resultant action D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D
- C. Meetings are always the best method of communication
- D. It is stored in the configuration management system

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 475

- (Exam Topic 2)

Identify the missing word in the following sentence. A user is [?] that uses services.

- A. an organization
- B. a role
- C. a team
- D. a supplier

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 477

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which two practices use workarounds?

- A. Change enablement and continual improvement

- B. Change enablement and problem management
- C. Problem management and incident management
- D. Incident management and continual improvement

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 478

- (Exam Topic 2)

What happens if a workaround becomes the permanent way of dealing with a problem that cannot be resolved cost-effectively?

- A. The problem record is deleted
- B. The problem remains in the known error status
- C. A change request is submitted to change control
- D. Problem management restores the service as soon as possible

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 481

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is an external input to the service value chain?

- A. The 'improve' value chain activity
- B. An overall plan
- C. Customer requirements
- D. Feedback loops

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 483

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the primary focus of business capacity management?

- A. Management, control and prediction of the performance, utilization and capacity of individual elements of IT technology
- B. Review of all capacity supplier agreements and underpinning contracts with supplier management
- C. Management, control and prediction of the end-to-end performance and capacity of the live, operational IT services
- D. Future business requirements for IT services are quantified, designed, planned and implemented in a timely fashion

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 488

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a service?

- A. A possible event that could cause harm or loss, or make it more difficult to achieve objectives
- B. A means of enabling value co-creation by facilitating outcomes that customers want to achieve, without the customer having to manage specific costs and risks
- C. A tangible or intangible deliverable of an activity
- D. Joint activities performed by a service provider and a service consumer to ensure continual value co-creation based on agreed and available service offerings

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-concepts-service-management/>

NEW QUESTION 493

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which service transition process provides guidance about converting data into information?

- A. Change evaluation D18912E1457D5D1DDCB40AB3BF70D5D
- B. Knowledge management
- C. Service validation and testing
- D. Service asset and configuration management

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 496

- (Exam Topic 1)

In which TWO situations should the ITIL guiding principles be considered?

- * 1. In every initiative
- * 2. In relationships with all stakeholders
- * 3. Only in specific initiatives where the principle is relevant
- * 4. Only in specific stakeholder relationships where the principle is relevant

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 1 and 4
- C. 2 and 3
- D. 3 and 4

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 499

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which is a key requirement for a successful service level agreement?

- A. It should be written in legal language
- B. It should be simply written and easy to understand
- C. It should be based on the service provider's view of the service
- D. It should relate to simple operational metrics

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 504

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following can be used to access service desks?

- A. Phone calls
- B. All of the above
- C. Text and social media messaging
- D. Email

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 506

- (Exam Topic 1)

A major incident has been closed, but there is a risk that it might happen again. How should this be logged and managed?

- A. As an event
- B. As a problem
- C. As a service request
- D. As a change request

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 507

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which guiding principle recommends coordinating all dimensions of service management?

- A. Start where you are
- B. Think and work holistically
- C. Keep it simple and practical
- D. Progress iteratively with feedback

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 509

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which practice has a purpose that includes ensuring that risks have been properly assessed?

- A. Service configuration management
- B. Problem management
- C. Service level management
- D. Change control

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 512

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which practice updates information relating to symptoms and business impact?

- A. Service level management
- B. Change control
- C. Service request management
- D. Incident management

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 513

- (Exam Topic 1)

What should be used to set user expectations for request fulfilment times?

- A. The consumer demand for the service
- B. The time that the customer indicates for service delivery
- C. The service levels of the supplier

D. The time needed to realistically deliver the service

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 518

- (Exam Topic 1)

What are the MOST important skills required by service desk staff?

- A. Incident analysis skills
- B. Technical skills
- C. Problem resolution skills
- D. Supplier management skills

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 519

- (Exam Topic 1)

What should all 'continual improvement' decisions be based on?

- A. Accurate and carefully analysed data
- B. Details of how services are measured
- C. A recent maturity assessment
- D. An up-to-date balanced scorecard

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 520

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is a recommendation of the 'focus on value' guiding principle?

- A. Make 'focus on value' a responsibility of the management
- B. Focus on the value of new and significant projects first
- C. Focus on value for the service provider first
- D. Focus on value at every step of the improvement

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 522

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which competencies are required by the 'service level management' practice?

- A. Problem investigation and resolution
- B. Incident analysis and prioritization
- C. Business analysis and commercial management
- D. Balanced scorecard reviews and maturity assessment

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 524

- (Exam Topic 1)

What are 'engage', 'plan' and 'improve' examples of?

- A. Service value chain activities
- B. Service level management
- C. Service value chain inputs
- D. Change control

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 526

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement about outcomes is CORRECT?

- A. An outcome can be enabled by more than one output
- B. Outcomes are how the service performs
- C. An output can be enabled by one or more outcomes
- D. An outcome is a tangible or intangible activity

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 528

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which activity captures the demand for incident resolution and service requests?

- A. Change control

- B. Problem management
- C. Service desk
- D. Service catalogue management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 531

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which is NOT a key focus of the 'information and technology' dimension?

- A. Workflow management and inventory systems
- B. Communication systems and knowledge bases
- C. Roles and responsibilities
- D. Security and compliance

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 534

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the starting point for optimization?

- A. Standardizing practices and services
- B. Determining where the most positive impact would be
- C. Securing stakeholder engagement
- D. Understanding the vision and objectives of the organization

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 539

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which practice provides a single point of contact for users?

- A. Incident management
- B. Change control
- C. Service desk
- D. Service request management

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 543

- (Exam Topic 1)

What should be done for every problem?

- A. It should have a workaround to reduce the impact
- B. It should be prioritized based on its potential impact and probability
- C. It should be resolved so that it can be closed
- D. It should be diagnosed to identify possible solutions

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 547

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the purpose of the 'deployment management' practice?

- A. To ensure services achieve agreed and expected performance
- B. To make new or changed services available for use
- C. To move new or changed components to live environments
- D. To set clear business-based targets for service performance

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 552

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which describes normal changes?

- A. Changes that need to be scheduled and assessed following a process
- B. Changes that are low-risk and pre-authorized
- C. Changes that are typically initiated as service requests
- D. Changes that must be implemented as soon as possible

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 553

- (Exam Topic 1)

What are the types of asset management?

- A. IT asset management and software asset management
- B. Operational and technical management
- C. IT asset management and technical management
- D. Operational management and IT asset management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 557

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is an IT asset?

- A. The removal of anything that could have a direct or indirect effect on services
- B. Any component that needs to be managed in order to deliver a service
- C. A request from a user that initiates a service action
- D. Any financially valuable component that can contribute to delivery of an IT product or service

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 562

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement about costs is CORRECT?

- A. Costs removed from the consumer are part of service consumption
- B. Costs imposed on the consumer are costs of service utility
- C. Costs removed from the consumer are part of the value proposition
- D. Costs imposed on the consumer are costs of service warranty

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 566

- (Exam Topic 1)

What should be done to determine the appropriate metrics for measuring a new service?

- A. Measuring the performance over the first six months, and basing a solution on the results
- B. Asking customers to provide numerical targets that meet their needs
- C. Using operational data to provide detailed service reports
- D. Asking customers open questions to establish their requirements

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 567

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which is the CORRECT approach for managing a large improvement initiative as smaller iterations?

- A. Each iteration should be designed before starting the initiative and implemented without feedback
- B. Feedback should only be taken into account when one iteration fails to meet its objective
- C. Feedback should be reduced for large improvements as it is unlikely that circumstances will change
- D. Each iteration should be continually re-evaluated based on feedback

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 571

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the expected outcome from using a service value chain?

- A. Service value streams
- B. Value realization
- C. Customer engagement
- D. The application of practices

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 575

- (Exam Topic 1)

When should the effectiveness of a problem workaround be assessed?

- A. Whenever the workaround is used
- B. Whenever the problem is resolved
- C. Whenever the workaround becomes a known error
- D. Whenever the problem is prioritized

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 580

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is described by the service value system?

- A. How to apply the systems approach of the guiding principle think and work holistically
- B. Services based on one or more products, designed to address needs of a target consumer group
- C. How all the components and activities of the organization work together as a system to enable value creation
- D. Joint activities performed by a service provider and a service consumer to ensure continual value co-creation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 584

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which dimension includes activities and workflows?

- A. Value streams and processes
- B. Partners and suppliers
- C. Information and technology
- D. Organizations and people

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 589

- (Exam Topic 1)

Arrange the following steps of software lifecycle in correct order.

- * 1. Retire
- * 2. Test
- * 3. Operate
- * 4. Deploy
- * 5. Ideation
- * 6. Develop
- * 7. Design

- A. Ideation, Design, Develop, Deploy, Test, Operate, Retire
- B. Retire, Test, Operate, Deploy, Ideation, Develop, Design
- C. None of the above
- D. Ideation, Test, Develop, Deploy, Design, Operate, Retire

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 591

- (Exam Topic 1)

When planning 'continual improvement', which approach for assessing the current state of a service is CORRECT?

- A. An organization should always use a single technique to ensure metrics are consistent
- B. An organization should always use a strength, weakness, opportunity and threat (SWOT) analysis
- C. An organization should always develop competencies in methodologies and techniques that will meet their needs
- D. An organization should always use an approach that combines Lean, Agile and DevOps methodologies

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 596

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following is an example of incident?

- A. A backup server is being rebooted while services are running on the primary server
- B. An application is not available during the business hours
- C. A user has requested access to a shared repository
- D. A user wants to reset the password of a server

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 598

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which stakeholders co-create value in a service relationship?

- A. Investor and consumer
- B. Investor and supplier
- C. Consumer and provider
- D. Provider and supplier

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 599

- (Exam Topic 1)

How should the workflow for a new service request be designed?

- A. Use a single workflow for all types of service request
- B. Leverage existing workflows whenever possible

- C. Use different workflows for each type of service request
- D. Avoid workflows for simple service requests

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 601

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is warranty?

- A. Assurance that a product or service will meet agreed requirements
- B. The amount of money spent on a specific activity or resource
- C. The functionality offered by a product or service to meet a particular need
- D. The perceived benefits, usefulness and importance of something

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 602

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is a means of enabling value co-creation by facilitating outcomes that customers want to achieve, without the customer having to manage specific costs and risks?

- A. Service management
- B. Continual improvement
- C. A service
- D. An IT asset

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 607

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the purpose of the 'information security management' practice?

- A. To ensure that accurate and reliable information about the configuration of services is available when and where it is needed
- B. To observe services and service components
- C. To protect the information needed by the organization to conduct its business
- D. To plan and manage the full lifecycle of all IT assets

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 609

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is an output?

- A. A possible event that could cause harm or loss
- B. Something created by carrying out an activity
- C. A result for a stakeholder
- D. A change of state that has significance for the management of a configuration item

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 611

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of these should be logged and managed as a problem?

- A. Trend analysis shows a large number of similar incidents
- B. A user requests delivery of a laptop
- C. A monitoring tool detects a change of state for a service
- D. 'Continual improvement' needs to prioritize an improvement opportunity

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 613

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is defined as any component that needs to be managed in order to deliver an IT service?

- A. A service request
- B. An IT asset
- C. A configuration item (CI)
- D. An incident

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 618

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement about emergency changes is CORRECT?

- A. The testing of emergency can be eliminated in order to implement the change quickly
- B. The assessment and authorization of emergency changes is expedited to ensure they can be implemented quickly
- C. Emergency changes should be authorized and implemented as service requests
- D. Emergency changes must be fully documented before authorization and implementation

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 619

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which is part of service provision?

- A. The management of resources configured to deliver the service
- B. The management of resources needed to consume the service
- C. The grouping of one or more services based on one or more products
- D. The joint activities performed to ensure continual value co-creation

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 620

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which is a key consideration for the guiding principle 'keep it simple and practical'?

- A. Try to create a solution for every exception
- B. Start with a complex solution, then simplify
- C. Understand how each element contributes to value creation
- D. Ignore the conflicting objectives of different stakeholders

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 624

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement about service desks is CORRECT?

- A. The service desk should work in close collaboration with support and development teams
- B. The service desk should rely on self-service portals instead of escalation to support teams
- C. The service desk should remain isolated from technical support teams
- D. The service desk should escalate all technical issues to support and development teams

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 628

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which ITIL practice has a purpose that includes reducing the likelihood of incidents?

- A. Change control
- B. Continual improvement
- C. Problem management
- D. Service desk

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 632

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement about outcomes is CORRECT?

- A. Outcomes help service consumers achieve outputs
- B. Outcomes are one or more services that fulfil the needs of a service consumer
- C. Service providers help service consumers achieve outcomes
- D. Helping service consumers achieve outcomes reduces service provider costs

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 633

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which guiding principle helps to ensure that better information is available for decision making?

- A. Keep it simple and practical
- B. Collaborate and promote visibility
- C. Optimize and automate
- D. Think and work holistically

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 638

- (Exam Topic 1)

What are the ITIL guiding principles used for?

- A. To help an organization make good decisions
- B. To direct and control an organization
- C. To identify activities that an organization must perform in order to deliver a valuable service
- D. To ensure that an organization's performance continually meets stakeholders' expectations

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 640

- (Exam Topic 1)

How does a service consumer contribute to the reduction of risk?

- A. By paying for the service
- B. By managing server hardware
- C. By communicating constraints
- D. By managing staff availability

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 641

- (Exam Topic 1)

Identify the missing word in the following sentence.

The purpose of the supplier management practice is to ensure that the organization's suppliers and their [?] are managed appropriately to support the seamless provision of quality products and services.

- A. costs
- B. users
- C. value
- D. performances

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 642

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is an example of a service request?

- A. A request for normal operation to be restored
- B. A request to implement a security patch
- C. A request for access to a file
- D. A request to investigate the cause of an incident

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-request-management/>

NEW QUESTION 645

- (Exam Topic 4)

Identify the missing word in the following sentence.

The purpose of the service configuration management practice is to ensure that accurate and reliable information about the configuration of [?], and the information that support them, is available when and where it is needed.

- A. organizations
- B. outcomes
- C. IT assets
- D. services

Answer: C

Explanation:

The purpose of the service configuration management practice is to ensure that accurate and reliable information about the configuration of IT assets, and the relationships that support them, is available when and where it is needed¹. IT assets are any financially valuable components that can contribute to the delivery of an IT product or service². Configuration items are any component that needs to be managed in order to deliver an IT service³. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 15; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 36; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Service Configuration Management, page 7.

NEW QUESTION 648

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is a financially valuable component that can contribute to the delivery of a service?

- A. Configuration item
- B. Sponsor
- C. IT asset
- D. Service offering

Answer: C

Explanation:

IT asset is any financially valuable component that can contribute to the delivery of an IT product or service. The scope of IT asset management typically includes all software, hardware, networking, cloud services, and client devices

<https://wiki.process-symphony.com.au/framework/lifecycle/process/it-asset-management-itol-4/#:~:text=IT%20a>

NEW QUESTION 650

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which statement about emergency changes is CORRECT?

- A. Emergency changes are low risk and well understood
- B. Authorization of emergency changes may be deferred until after implementation
- C. It is necessary to complete all documentation before an emergency charge is implemented
- D. Emergency changes are not usually recorded in the change schedule

Answer: D

Explanation:

➤ Emergency changes. These are changes that must be implemented as soon as possible; for example, to resolve an incident or implement a security patch. Emergency changes are not typically included in a change schedule, and the process for assessment and authorization is expedited to ensure they can be implemented quickly. As far as possible, emergency changes should be subject to the same testing, assessment, and authorization as normal changes, but it may be acceptable to defer some documentation until after the change has been implemented, and sometimes it will be necessary to implement the change with less testing due to time constraints. There may also be a separate change authority for emergency changes, typically including a small number of senior managers who understand the business risks involved.”

<https://itsm.tools/why-what-change-management/#:~:text=Emergency%20changes.&text=Emergency%20chang>

NEW QUESTION 655

- (Exam Topic 4)

What ensures that service providers and service consumers continue to create value together?

- A. Service consumption
- B. Service offerings
- C. Service level management
- D. Service relationship management

Answer: D

Explanation:

Service relationship management is the joint activities performed by a service provider and a service consumer to ensure continual value co-creation¹. It involves establishing, maintaining, and optimizing the service relationship throughout the service lifecycle². Service relationship management ensures that service providers and service consumers continue to create value together by aligning their objectives, expectations, and capabilities³. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 5; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 16; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Service Relationship Management, page 7.

NEW QUESTION 659

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is a key element of the 'think and work holistically' guiding principle?

- A. Assessing which procedures can be re-used when improving a service
- B. Understanding the methods applicable to complex systems
- C. Eliminating metrics which do not contribute to achieving an objective
- D. Using technology for standard tasks to give people time for complex activities

Answer: B

Explanation:

No service, practice, process, department, or supplier stands alone. The outputs that the organization delivers to itself, its customers, and other stakeholders will suffer unless it works in an integrated way to handle its activities as a whole, rather than as separate parts.

Taking a holistic approach to service management includes establishing an understanding of how all the parts of an organization work together in an integrated way (remember the four dimensions of service management?), including having an end-to-end visibility of how demand is captured and translated into outcomes. In a complex system, the alteration of one element can impact others and, where possible, these impacts need to be identified, analysed and planned for.

To apply this principle successfully, consider this advice:

- Recognize the complexity of the systems
- Collaboration is key to thinking and working holistically
- Automation can facilitate working holistically

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-guiding-principles/>

NEW QUESTION 663

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice performs reviews to ensure that services continue to meet the needs of the customers?

- A. Monitoring and event management
- B. Service level management
- C. Change enablement
- D. Service desk

Answer: B

Explanation:

To set clear business-based targets for service performance, so that the delivery of a service can be properly assessed, monitored, and managed against these targets.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-management-practices/>

NEW QUESTION 666

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice has a purpose that includes managing risks to confidentiality, integrity and availability?

- A. Information security management
- B. Continual improvement
- C. Monitoring and event management
- D. Service level management

Answer: A

Explanation:

To protect the information needed by the organization to conduct its business. This includes understanding and managing risks to the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information, as well as other aspects of information security such as authentication and non-repudiation.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-management-practices/>

NEW QUESTION 669

- (Exam Topic 4)

Identify the Missing word(s) in the following sentence

A(n) [?] cause, or potential cause, of one or more incidents?

- A. Change
- B. Event
- C. Known error
- D. Problem

Answer: D

Explanation:

ITIL® defines a problem as a cause, or potential cause, of one or more incidents. A known error is a problem that has been analyzed but not resolved.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-problem-management/>

NEW QUESTION 672

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is the FIRST action when optimizing a service?

- A. Assess the current state
- B. Implement the improvement
- C. Understand the organizational context
- D. Agree the future state

Answer: C

Explanation:

There are many ways in which practices and services can be optimized. Regardless of the specific techniques, the path to optimization follows these high-level steps:

- Understand and agree the context in which the proposed optimization exists
- Assess the current state of the proposed optimization
- Agree what the future state and priorities of the organization should be, focusing on simplification and value
- Ensure the optimization has the appropriate level of stakeholder engagement and commitment
- Execute the improvements in an iterative way
- Continually monitor the impact of optimization

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-guiding-principles/>

NEW QUESTION 677

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which activity is NOT recommended by the 'start where you are' guiding principle?

- A. Involving people who are not familiar with a service when observing and assessing its activities
- B. Applying risk management when considering to introduce new processes
- C. Using source data to avoid any unintentional data distortion found in reports
- D. Discarding existing processes before assessing their usefulness

Answer: D

Explanation:

The 'start where you are' guiding principle advises organizations to observe and understand the current state of affairs before initiating any improvement or change¹. This principle also recommends using source data, involving people who know the service, and applying risk management when considering new processes². However, this principle does not suggest discarding existing processes before assessing their usefulness, as this would be wasteful and potentially harmful³. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition page 7; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 26; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Start Where You Are, page 9.

NEW QUESTION 680

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which TWO of the following statements are MOST associated with the optimize and automate' guiding principle?

- * 1. It is important to assess which method of communication is appropriate 'or each type of stakeholder.
- * 2. Complex systems should be designed with an understanding of how the components' parts are related.
- * 3. Organizations should consider whether technology could improve the efficiency o' manual processes.
- * 4 It is important to understand the organization's objectives when assessing the impact of potential improvements.

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 and 3
- C. 3 and 4
- D. 1 and 4

Answer: C

Explanation:

You need to use all of your resources as effectively and efficiently as you can. This means that you should automate wherever you can, and use people only for tasks that can't be automated. It also means that you need to think carefully about what you can automate and about the circumstances where only a person will do; and about simplifying those processes you do decide to automate to eliminate wasteful or inefficient steps.

You should always optimize the work BEFORE you automate it, as automating something that is inefficient or ineffective may just result in you doing the wrong thing faster!

<https://www.sysaid.com/blog/itil/the-7-guiding-principles-of-itil-4-practical-advice-to-help-you-make-decisions>

NEW QUESTION 681

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is the definition of service management?

- A. A set of specialized organizational capabilities for enabling value for customers in the form of services
- B. A result for a stakeholder enabled by one or more outputs
- C. A formal description of one or more services designed to address the needs of a target consumer group
- D. Joint activities performed by a service provider and a service consumer to ensure continual value co-creation

Answer: A

Explanation:

Service management is the term used to describe how organizations manage their services to deliver value to their customers and other stakeholders. Service management requires a set of specialized organizational capabilities, such as processes, roles, tools, and competencies, that enable the effective and efficient delivery of services¹. Service management is also a professional practice supported by an extensive body of knowledge, experience, and skills³. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 2; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 11.

NEW QUESTION 685

- (Exam Topic 4)

Identify the missing word in the following sentence. Sponsor is the role that authorizes budget for service [?]

- A. value
- B. consumption
- C. management
- D. provision

Answer: B

Explanation:

Sponsor: A person who authorizes budget for service consumption; e.g., the Finance Manager

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-concepts-service-management/#:~:text=Sponsor%3A%20A%20person%20>

NEW QUESTION 686

- (Exam Topic 4)

What ensures that a service provider and a service consumer continually co-create value?

- A. Service consumption
- B. Service offerings
- C. Change enablement
- D. Service relationship management

Answer: D

Explanation:

A service relationship is defined as the cooperation between a service provider and service consumer. Service relationships are established between two or more organizations to co-create value. An organization can play the role of provider or consumer interchangeably, depending on the situation.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-concepts-service-management/#:~:text=and%20stakeholder%20manageme>

NEW QUESTION 691

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